

FINANCIAL REPORT

(Audited)

Year Ended September 30, 2017

CITY OF ROLLA, MISSOURI FINANCIAL REPORT

	Page
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	3
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	13
Statement of Activities	14
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	15
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the	1.6
Statement of Net Position	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	1.7
Governmental Funds	17
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	10
in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	18
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	19
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Net Position - Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	20 21
Notes to Financial Statements	23
140tes to 1 maneral statements	25
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual:	
General Fund	66
Street Fund	68
Recreation Center Fund	69
Parks Fund	70
Airport Fund	71
Cemetery Fund	72 73
Park Land Reserve Fund	73
Notes to Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	74
Budget and Actual Schodule of Changes in Not Pension Liability (Asset) and Polated Paties	74 75
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Schedule of Pension Contributions	75 76
Rolla Municipal Utilities:	70
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios	77
Schedule of Pension Contributions	78



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

October 25, 2018

Honorable Mayor and City Council CITY OF ROLLA, MISSOURI

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, the discretely presented component unit, and each major fund of the CITY OF ROLLA, MISSOURI (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, and each major fund of the City as of September 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplemental information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 25, 2018 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mochschild, Bloom + Company LLP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

As management of the City of Rolla, Missouri (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here along with the City's financial statements, including the footnotes that follow this Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A).

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The net position of the City's governmental activities increased by \$904,055 for the year as a result of current year activities. The net position of the City's business-type activities increased \$19,211 for the year.
- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources as of September 30, 2017, by \$105 million (net position) (up from \$104 million in fiscal year 2016). Of this amount, \$14 million was unrestricted from overall operations and may be used to meet future obligations of the City.
- Total value of new building construction for fiscal year 2017 was \$67,445,377 compared to \$28,024,947 in fiscal year 2016. Overall 125 new housing units were added in 2017. Multi-family construction permits continue to be strong with continued growth at S&T.
- In June 2010 several departments within the City participated in an Energy Efficiency Program through Siemens (energy performance contract) in the amount of \$2.2 million with projected average annual energy savings of \$160,000 per year. The project was anchored by a \$337,000 ARRA grant for a new-generation pump/blower with substantial energy savings. The new energy pumps have not fully performed to expectations though Siemens remains committed to the project. Consequently the performance-based contract remains open. In 2012 the City refinanced the lease and added \$600,000 for a new water storage tank at the Rolla National Airport (the Airport). The Series 2012 certificates of participation have a 15-year term with interest rates from 2.0% to 3.4%.
- The City collected a sales tax rate of 2.25% which is distributed among the General Fund (1%), the Street Fund (½% for transportation and ½% for capital improvements) and the Park Fund (¼%). The original ½% parks sales tax for the Rec Center and SplashZone construction expired in December 2013 and was ultimately replaced by "Prop P" a ¼ cent sales tax in April 2015. In fiscal year 2017 the City received \$9,128,521 in sales tax revenues a 2.1% decrease from fiscal year 2016. Since sales tax revenues account for approximately 41.8% of total revenue, sales tax revenues are monitored monthly and the budget is adjusted accordingly to ensure a balance between revenues and expenditures.
- Fiscal year 2017 completes the 15th full year of operations at the Centre the City's recreation center. Over that time the average recapture rate of revenues over operational expenses is 87%. Revenues of \$1.2 million are generated through memberships, user fees, and program revenues with operating expenditures of \$1,360,000. In fiscal year 2017 recreation center revenues increased by 2.5% while operating expenditures decreased 0.4% over fiscal year 2016.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$8,578,365.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,403,558.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains required supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources liabilities, and deferred inflow of resources, with the difference between reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and accrued vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public works, police department, and municipal court. The business-type activities include the sewer and sanitation operations of the City.

One separate organization is considered a component unit of the City -- Rolla Municipal Utilities (RMU). RMU's purpose is to provide electric and water services to the City, and is under the direction of the Rolla Board of Public Works.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds. It should be noted that the City does not have any fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental funds financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources as well as on balances of expendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for

governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and the government-wide governmental activities.

The City maintains seven governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Street Fund, Recreation Center Fund, Parks Fund, Airport Fund, Cemetery Fund, and Park Land Reserve Fund which are considered major funds.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for all governmental funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for all budgeted funds to demonstrate legal compliance with the respective adopted budget.

Proprietary fund. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer and sanitation operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses the Internal Service Fund to account for health insurance premiums. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

Notes to the basic financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required supplemental information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, certain supplemental information can be found in this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The City presents its financial statements under the reporting model pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 (GASB 34), *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments*.

A condensed version of the statement of net position follows below.

Governmental and business-type activities. Governmental and business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$923,266. Key elements of this are as follows:

	September 30								
	Govern								
	Activ			vities		otal			
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016			
ASSETS									
Current and other assets	\$ 12,536,645	11,722,227	6,262,062	6,067,114	18,798,707	17,789,341			
Capital assets	78,390,973	77,152,955	27,055,595	27,432,824	105,446,568	104,585,779			
Total Assets	90,927,618	88,875,182	33,317,657	33,499,938	124,245,275	122,375,120			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS									
OF RESOURCES	1,932,775	3,743,068	407,416	908,046	2,340,191	4,651,114			
LIABILITIES									
Other liabilities	1,271,337	1,344,888	483,648	400,874	1,754,985	1,745,762			
Long-term liabilities	10,709,335	11,365,578	8,346,734	9,089,826	19,056,069	20,455,404			
Total Liabilities	11,980,672	12,710,466	8,830,382	9,490,700	20,811,054	22,201,166			
DEFERRED INFLOWS									
OF RESOURCES	491,077	608,255	113,638	155,442	604,715	763,697			
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital									
assets	70,299,103	68,031,847	19,670,192	20,127,355	89,969,295	88,159,202			
Restricted	563,004	775,440	665,545	711,932	1,228,549	1,487,372			
Unrestricted	9,526,537	10,492,242	4,445,316	3,922,555	13,971,853	14,414,797			
Total Net									
Position	\$ 80,388,644	79,299,529	24,781,053	24,761,842	105,169,697	104,061,371			

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

		Fo	or The Years Ei	nded September	· 30			
	Govern			ss-type				
	Activ			vities		otal		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016		
REVENUES								
Program revenues:	Ф. 7.552 002	2.750.067	6.720.052	6.540.510	14 202 025	10 201 505		
Charges for services	\$ 7,553,082	3,759,067	6,738,953	6,542,518	14,292,035	10,301,585		
Operating grants and contributions	227,122	536,535	9,718	16,935	236,840	553,470		
Capital grants and	227,122	330,333	9,710	10,933	230,040	333,470		
contributions	870,129	492,245	42,479	125,824	912,608	618,069		
General revenues:	070,129	1,52,213	12,179	123,021	J12,000	010,000		
Property taxes	1,165,081	1,257,043	_	_	1,165,081	1,257,043		
Sales taxes	9,129,056	9,327,969	-	-	9,129,056	9,327,969		
Motor vehicle taxes	788,865	771,610	-	-	788,865	771,610		
Payment in lieu of taxes	1,460,472	1,513,415	-	-	1,460,472	1,513,415		
Other taxes	478,473	465,951	-	-	478,473	465,951		
Franchise fees	638,906	592,398	-	-	638,906	592,398		
Investment income	36,238	47,182	153,831	168,244	190,069	215,426		
Other	140,576	229,209	103,293	79,117	243,869	308,326		
Total Revenue	22,488,000	18,992,624	7,048,274	6,932,638	29,536,274	25,925,262		
EXPENSES								
General government and other	4,970,131	4,659,021			4,970,131	4,659,021		
Public safety	6,944,316	6,514,740	_	_	6,944,316	6,514,740		
Public works and maintenance	6,184,090	4,887,963	_	_	6,184,090	4,887,963		
Parks and recreation	3,081,184	3,093,377	_	_	3,081,184	3,093,377		
Airport	826,124	596,758	_	_	826,124	596,758		
Sewer	´-	-	3,289,967	2,740,803	3,289,967	2,740,803		
Environmental services	-	-	3,317,196	3,124,848	3,317,196	3,124,848		
Total Expenses	22,005,845	19,751,859	6,607,163	5,865,651	28,613,008	25,617,510		
EVOESS DEFODE TO ANS								
EXCESS BEFORE TRANS- FERS	482,155	(759,235)	441,111	1,066,987	923,266	307,752		
FERS	402,133	(739,233)	441,111	1,000,987	923,200	307,732		
TRANSFERS	421,900	368,500	(421,900)	(368,500)				
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	904,055	(390,735)	19,211	698,487	923,266	307,752		
NET POSITION, OCTOBER 1	79,299,529	79,690,264	24,761,842	24,063,355	104,061,371	103,753,619		
RESTATEMENT	185,060				185,060			
NET POSITION, AS RESTATED	79,484,589	79,690,264	24,761,842	24,063,355	104,246,431	103,753,619		
NET POSITION, SEPTEMBER 30	\$80,388,644	79,299,529	24,781,053	24,761,842	105,169,697	104,061,371		

Change in net position. The increase in net position of \$904,055 in the governmental activities was mainly due to the increase in charges for services. The increase in net position of \$19,211 in the business-type activities was due to revenues exceeding expenses.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Governmental activities increased the net position of the City by \$904,055. Total tax revenues for the City were \$13.0 million, which represents 56% of the financing of these activities. Program revenues for the functions totaled \$8.7 million or 38% of the funding. The following table shows the cost of the City's programs as well as each programs net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the taxpayers by each of these functions.

	Net Cost Of Governmental Activities							
	Total Cost (Of Service	Net Cost C	of Service				
	2017	2016	2017	2016				
General government and other	\$ 4,970,131	4,659,021	2,675,704	2,920,458				
Public safety	6,944,316	6,514,740	6,453,219	5,754,178				
Public works and maintenance	6,184,090	4,887,963	2,681,368	4,194,359				
Parks and recreation	3,081,184	3,093,377	1,666,507	1,758,294				
Airport	826,124	596,758	(121,286)	336,723				
Total	\$ 22,005,845	19,751,859	13,355,512	14,964,012				

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$19,211. Last year the business-type activities increased \$698,487.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on inflows and balances of available expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unrestricted fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At September 30, 2017 the General Fund's fund balance was \$3,296,374.

The City's General Fund's fund balance increased by \$8,844 or 0.3% from the prior year fund balance. This was mainly due to an increase in other financing sources of revenue.

Changes for fund balances for other major governmental funds can be described as follows:

• The Street Fund decreased by \$148,974 from the fund balance at the end of the prior year. This decrease is due to higher capital outlay expenditures in 2017.

- The Recreation Center Fund decreased by \$330,211 from the fund balance at the end of the prior year. This decrease is due to capital outlay purchases, General Fund transfer, and operating deficit, in 2017.
- The Parks Fund increased by \$126,811 from the fund balance at the end of the prior year. This increase is due to revenues in excess of expenditures in fiscal year 2017 primarily due to payoff of Park Fund's portion of the Certificates of Participation in fiscal year 2016.
- The Airport Fund decreased by \$69,705 from the fund balance at the end of the prior year. This decrease is due to expenditures exceeding grant reimbursements and revenue from capital activity.
- The Cemetery Fund increased by \$8,654 from the fund balance at the end of the prior year. This increase is due to an increase in charges for services.
- The Park Land Reserve Fund increased by \$19,996 over the prior year fund balance. This increase is due to an increase in revenues.

Proprietary funds. The fund statement for the proprietary funds looks much like the business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds financial information is measured with the same principles used by commercial enterprises, so this information does not change from the fund statement to the government-wide financial statement.

Unrestricted net position at the end of the year for the Sewer Fund totaled \$2,440,229. The total decrease in net position was \$100,968 or 0.5% from the prior year fund balance. Unrestricted net position at the end of the year for the Environmental Services Fund totaled \$2,005,087. The total increase in net position was \$120,179 or 2.2% from the prior year fund balance.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The City has invested \$105,446,568 at September 30, 2017 in a broad range of capital assets, net of depreciation, including land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and the sewer collection system. This amount represents a net increase for the current fiscal year (including additions and deductions) of \$860,789. The City's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, consisted of:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	For The Years Ended September 30								
	Governi	mental	Busine	ess-type					
	Activ	ities	Acti	vities	Total				
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016			
Land	\$ 12,824,329	12,784,058	1,386,999	1,367,396	14,211,328	14,151,454			
Construction in progress	-	55,778	3,081,735	3,081,735	3,081,735	3,137,513			
Buildings and improvements	11,139,550	11,266,790	2,460,890	2,693,008	13,600,440	13,959,798			
Machinery and equipment	3,675,601	3,572,779	1,947,408	1,655,207	5,623,009	5,227,986			
Infrastructure	50,751,493	49,473,550	-	-	50,751,493	49,473,550			
Sewer collection system			18,178,563	18,635,478	18,178,563	18,635,478			
Total Capital Assets, Net Of Accumu-									
lated Depreciation	\$ 78,390,973	77,152,955	27,055,595	27,432,824	105,446,568	104,585,779			

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note F in the notes to financial statements.

LONG-TERM DEBT

The City had government-wide debt outstanding for September 30, 2017 of \$15,411,315 compared to \$16,904,584 for September 30, 2016. The decrease of debt outstanding of \$1,456,731 was due to payments made on outstanding debt.

The following is a summary of long-term debt:

	For The Years Ended September 30									
	Governr			ess-type						
	Activ	ities	Acti	vities	To	tal				
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016				
Capital leases payable	\$ 2,723,880	3,074,584	302,435	-	3,026,315	3,074,584				
Certificates of participation	4,124,670	4,211,341	4,090,330	4,338,659	8,215,000	8,550,000				
General obligation bonds	1,220,000	1,800,000	-	-	1,220,000	1,800,000				
Revenue bonds payable			2,950,000	3,480,000	2,950,000	3,480,000				
Total	\$ 8,068,550	9,085,925	7,342,765	7,818,659	15,411,315	16,904,584				

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note E in the notes to financial statements.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Actual revenues for the City's General Fund of \$10,223,408 were \$491,774 under the budgeted revenues of \$10,715,182. This was mainly due to sales tax and property tax revenues coming in under budget. The City's General Fund expenditures of \$11,238,794 were \$4,347 under the budgeted amount of \$11,243,141 mainly due to expenditures being less than anticipated.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

City spending patterns will continue to require a conservative approach to help rebuild reserves. It appears as if the local and regional economies are improving with continued albeit slow positive revenue growth.

- Economic Development -- Since 2004 the City Council has contracted with the Rolla Regional Economic Commission for development opportunities. Current annual contractual contributions are \$95,000 per year. The City continues to promote development along I-44 including "Rolla West" and working with Phelps County selected UTW as the preferred developer for a large retail opportunity in that corridor called the Westside MarketPlace. The County's TIF Commission unanimously recommended use of TIF for the project. Negotiations were completed in February 2017 and construction proceeded throughout FY 2017 with anticipated completion in Spring 2018. The City continues to monitor its first TIF redevelopment project with Kohl's which opened March 2012. The City and Associated Wholesale Grocers successfully negotiated a CID for the redevelopment of the Forum Plaza in 2015 resulting in a new, large grocery store (Price Chopper) and a redevelopment of the entire Plaza. In addition, the City has completed substantial infrastructure improvements at the Airport where Brewer Science opened a new facility. The \$2.5 million investment was offset in part by a \$1,044,000 EDA grant. Lastly, Hartmann US chose their new manufacturing facility at the old Briggs & Stratton building in 2016 and Fed Ex Ground constructed a new distribution facility at HyPoint in early 2017.
- To address traffic congestion and to enhance transportation and safety along the City's primary routes the City and County initiated the MoveRolla Transportation Strategy culminating in the formation of a 1 cent TDD overlay district over much of the City's commercial corridors. The MRTDD was approved by a vote of the effected property owners in late 2016 and approved in formation in early 2017. The sales tax receipts were pledged against transportation bonds of \$36,470,000 for a number of major transportation improvements including the Hwy. 72 extension.
- Sales tax receipts decreased 2.2% in fiscal year 2017. Staff will continue to monitor the situation closely and has conservatively budgeted sales tax growth in fiscal year 2018. The City has a solid economic base but one that has stagnated in the last several years despite the growth with healthcare and education. Sustained growth in healthcare and education along with new or expanding projects such as Price Chopper, Hartmann US, Fed Ex Ground, CVS, Brewer Science, and MoSci along with positive enrollment growth at Missouri S&T and the new Delbert Day Cancer Institute at PCRMC provide real opportunities for continued growth.
- The City's self-funded health insurance program ended calendar year 2016 with an employee contribution rate of 28.7% despite a premium increase in 2015 and 2016 (short of the required participation level of 33% employee contribution). This percentage is made up of premiums withheld from payroll, copayments, and deductibles paid by employees. Note: the employee contribution calculated from the Internal Service Fund reported in this audit does not include the copayments and deductibles paid by employees.
- A new consolidated public services facility was completed in February 2013. Phase I of the project included a new vehicle services facility and a new sanitation division workshop. Plans include the relocation of the Street Shop and Yard from Sharp Road to this new facility in coming years.

• As the City has actively been selling the Sharp Road property off 18th Street, the City has initiated efforts to begin planning for the relocation of the outdated Rolla Animal Shelter. A substantial donation from Mr. Bob Eck (\$441,000) in fiscal year 2013 has initiated a formal fundraising strategy to raise charitable funds in 2016 - 2018 for the new facility.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Finance Director City of Rolla 910 North Elm Rolla, MO 65401

Telephone: 573-426-6980

RMU issues a complete set of financial statements that are more detailed than the data presented herein. Copies of the separately issued RMU statements can be obtained by contacting RMU at:

Rolla Municipal Utilities 102 W. 9th Street Rolla, MO 65401

Telephone: 573-364-1572

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Pr	imary Governme	nt	Component Unit
	Governmental	Business-type		Rolla Municipal
	Activities	Activities	Total	Utilities
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,532,079	3,023,270	8,555,349	25,586,593
Taxes receivable, net	1,858,847	-	1,858,847	-
Utilities receivable, net	-	1,055,748	1,055,748	2,626,692
Other accounts receivable	833,597	-	833,597	-
Court fines receivable, net	41,474	-	41,474	-
Intergovernmental receivable	495,201	-	495,201	-
Special assessments receivable	357,937	-	357,937	-
Accrued interest receivable	-	10,672	10,672	-
Inventory	33,392	-	33,392	638,156
Prepaid items	473,157	95,742	568,899	386,215
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	590,572	625,363	1,215,935	-
Restricted investments	-	911,066	911,066	-
Net pension asset	2,320,389	540,201	2,860,590	1,779,953
Capital assets:				
Nondepreciable	12,824,329	4,468,734	17,293,063	2,736,951
Depreciable, net	65,566,644	22,586,861	88,153,505	35,840,652
Total Assets	90,927,618	33,317,657	124,245,275	69,595,212
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred charge on refunding	19,093	-	19,093	-
Pension related	1,913,682	407,416	2,321,098	805,778
Total Deferred Outflows Of Resources	1,932,775	407,416	2,340,191	805,778
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	988,305	282,465	1,270,770	1,773,376
Accrued expenses	152,347	51,142	203,489	39,944
Police evidence payable	11,669	-	11,669	-
Deposits payable	934	-	934	1,665,307
Court bonds payable	1,943	-	1,943	-
Unearned revenue	14,833	-	14,833	-
Refundable permits	59,151	-	59,151	-
Accrued interest payable	42,155	70,157	112,312	15,626
Arbitrage payable	-	79,884	79,884	-
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Due within one year	1,763,209	917,255	2,680,464	1,018,025
Due in more than one year	7,339,206	7,429,479	14,768,685	10,247,000
Due in more than one year - net OPEB obligation	1,606,920	-	1,606,920	-
Total Liabilities	11,980,672	8,830,382	20,811,054	14,759,278
DECEMBED INC. OWG OF BEGOVEROES				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	401.077	112 (20	(04.71.5	402.727
Pension related	491,077	113,638	604,715	403,726
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	70,299,103	19,670,192	89,969,295	27,448,603
Restricted	563,004	665,545	1,228,549	-
Unrestricted	9,526,537	4,445,316	13,971,853	27,789,383
Total Net Position	\$ 80,388,644	24,781,053	105,169,697	55,237,986

Net Revenues	(Expenses) And	
Changes In	Net Position	

		Program Revenues			P	Component Unit		
		Charges	Operating	Capital		rimary Government	·	Rolla
		For	Grants And	Grants And	Governmental	Business-type		Municipal
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Utilities
Primary Government	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Treating	1101111100	Total	Cuntics
Governmental Activities								
Administrative	\$ 553,307	84,276	_	_	(469,031)	_	(469,031)	_
Administrator	338,974	04,270	-	-	(338,974)	-	(338,974)	-
Finance	608,971	7,814	-	-	(601,157)	-	(601,157)	-
Legal services	61,082	7,014	-	-	(61,082)	-	(61,082)	-
		-	-	-		-		-
City court	90,875	1 102 127	-	-	(90,875)	-	(90,875)	-
911 telecommunications	1,151,596	1,183,127	-	-	31,531	-	31,531	-
Animal shelter	186,154	105,836	-	-	(80,318)	-	(80,318)	-
Police	3,852,665	148,865	184,667	-	(3,519,133)	-	(3,519,133)	-
Fire	3,091,651	157,565	-	-	(2,934,086)	-	(2,934,086)	-
Building maintenance	104,035	-	-	-	(104,035)	-	(104,035)	-
Engineering	830,247	-	-	-	(830,247)	-	(830,247)	-
Community development	397,679	243,587	-	-	(154,092)	-	(154,092)	-
Library	210,971	205,845	-	-	(5,126)	-	(5,126)	-
Economic development	294,060	130,412	-	-	(163,648)	-	(163,648)	-
Public works	6,080,055	3,618,351	-	184,371	(2,277,333)	-	(2,277,333)	-
Parks and recreation	3,081,184	1,372,222	42,455	-	(1,666,507)	-	(1,666,507)	-
Airport	826,124	261,652	-	685,758	121,286	-	121,286	-
Cemetery	545	33,530	-	· <u>-</u>	32,985	-	32,985	_
Interest on long-term debt	245,670	´-	-	_	(245,670)	-	(245,670)	_
Total Governmental Activities	22,005,845	7,553,082	227,122	870,129	(13,355,512)		(13,355,512)	
		.,,,,,,,,			(10,000,000)		(10,000,012)	
Business-type Activities								
Sewer	3,289,967	3,189,521	_	42,479	_	(57,967)	(57,967)	_
Environmental services	3,317,196	3,549,432	9,718		_	241,954	241,954	_
Total Business-type Activities	6,607,163	6,738,953	9,718	42,479		183,987	183,987	
Total Primary Government	\$ 28,613,008	14,292,035	236,840	912,608	(13,355,512)	183,987	(13,171,525)	
		- 1,2,2,000			(10,000,000)		(**,**,*,*=*)	
Component Unit								
Rolla Municipal Utilities	\$ 28,958,287	29,451,543	_	128,528	_	_	_	621,784
Rona Municipal Connecs	\$ 20,730,207	27,431,343		120,320				021,704
General Revenues								
Taxes:								
					1,165,081		1.165.001	
Property						-	1,165,081	-
Sales					9,129,056	-	9,129,056	-
Motor vehicle taxes					788,865	-	788,865	-
Payment in lieu of taxes					1,460,472	-	1,460,472	-
Other					478,473	-	478,473	-
Franchise fees					638,906	-	638,906	-
Investment income					36,238	153,831	190,069	58,569
Other					140,576	103,293	243,869	236,631
Transfers					421,900	(421,900)	-	-
Total General Revenues And Transfers					14,259,567	(164,776)	14,094,791	295,200
CHANGE IN NET POSITION					904,055	19,211	923,266	916,984
NET POSITION, OCTOBER 1					79,484,589	24,761,842	104,246,431	54,321,002
NET POSITION, SEPTEMBER 30					\$ 80,388,644	24,781,053	105,169,697	55,237,986

	General	Street	Recreation Center	Parks	Airport	Cemetery	Park Land Reserve	Total Governmental Funds
	General	Street	Center	1 at KS	All port	Cemetery	Reserve	Funus
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 790,522	1,232,050	2,457,566	103,776	21,414	344,650	94,096	5,044,074
Taxes receivable, net	1,018,036	689,728	10	151,073	-	-	-	1,858,847
Other accounts receivable	162,045	562,105	67,732	4,032	10,146	-	-	806,060
Court fines receivable, net	41,474	-	-	-	-	-	-	41,474
Due from other funds	638,430	-	-	-	-	-	-	638,430
Intergovernmental receivable	6,253	25,549	-	-	463,399	-	-	495,201
Inventory	-	-	-	-	33,392	-	-	33,392
Prepaid items	345,525	45,050	49,247	26,357	6,978	-	-	473,157
Special assessments receivable	357,937	-	-	-	-	-	-	357,937
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	590,572							590,572
Total Assets	\$ 3,950,794	2,554,482	2,574,555	285,238	535,329	344,650	94,096	10,339,144
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$ 404,651	291,934	35,440	35,166	54,682	_	_	821.873
Accrued liabilities	111,598	14,254	14,823	9,993	2,454	_	_	153,122
Due to other funds	-	,20		-	638,430	_	_	638,430
Police evidence payable	11,669	_	_	_	-	_	_	11,669
Court bonds payable	1,943	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,943
Refundable permits	59,151	_	159	_	_	_	_	59,310
Total Liabilities	589,012	306,188	50,422	45,159	695,566			1,686,347
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue	53,964							53,964
Special assessments Court fines		-	-	-	-	-	-	53,964 11,444
Taxes	11,444	9,024	-	-	-	-	-	9,024
Total Deferred Inflows Of		9,024						9,024
Resources	65,408	9,024						74,432
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable:								
Inventory	_	_	_	_	33,392	_	_	33,392
Prepaid items	345,525	45,050	49,247	26,357	6,978	_	_	473,157
Due from other funds - long-term	638,430	-	-		-	_	_	638,430
Restricted for:	,							,
Police	55,997	-	-	-	_	-	-	55,997
Animal shelter	478,755	-	-	_	-	-	-	478,755
TIF-EATS	28,252	-	-	-	-	-	-	28,252
Committed for:								
Depreciation and replacement Assigned for:	-	-	2,678,524	-	-	-	-	2,678,524
Risk management	345,857	39,988	43,453	23,574	6,150	-	-	459,022
Street	-	2,154,232	-	-	-	-	-	2,154,232
Parks and recreation	-		-	190,148	_	-	-	190,148
Cemetery	-	-	-	´-	-	344,650	-	344,650
Park land reserve	_	-	-	_	-	-	94,096	94,096
Unassigned	1,403,558	-	(247,091)	_	(206,757)	_	-	949,710
Total Fund Balances	3,296,374	2,239,270	2,524,133	240,079	(160,237)	344,650	94,096	8,578,365
Total Liabilities, Deferred								
Inflows Of Resources, And Fund Balances	\$ 2.050.704	2 554 492	2 574 555	285 220	525 220	3// 650	04.006	10 220 144
And rund dalances	\$ 3,950,794	2,554,482	2,574,555	285,238	535,329	344,650	94,096	10,339,144

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERN-MENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 8,578,365
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$138,262,617 and the accumulated depreciation is \$59,871,644.	78,390,973
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds.	74,432
Certain items are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. These items consist of:	
Net pension asset	2,320,389
Deferred outflows - pension related	1,913,682
Deferred inflows - pension related	(491,077)
OPEB obligation	(1,606,920)
Certain long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore,	
are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year- end consist of:	
Bonds and certificates of participation payable	(5,344,670)
Capital leases	(2,723,880)
Accrued compensated absences	(991,452)
Accrued interest payable	(42,155)
Unamortized bond discount	1,683
Unamortized bond premium	(44,096)
Unamortized bond deferred charges	19,093
The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are included	
in the governmental activities in the statement of net position.	334,277
Total Net Position Of Governmental Activities	\$ 80,388,644

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	General	Street	Recreation Center	Parks	Airport	Cemetery	Park Land Reserve	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES		Street			- I III port		11030110	1 41145
Taxes	\$ 7,757,110	4,668,640	1,087	1,237,127	-	_	-	13,663,964
Licenses and permits	327,863	-	-	-	-	-	-	327,863
Intergovernmental	1,761,195	3,660,979	-	-	687,451	-	-	6,109,625
Charges for services	54,349	107,193	1,163,664	256,239	261,652	8,550	-	1,851,647
Fines and forfeitures	145,478	-	-	-	-	-	-	145,478
Investment income	8,527	8,982	14,591	2,470	29	1,541	98	36,238
Miscellaneous	168,886	17,196	24,524	5,945	507		19,898	236,956
Total Revenues	10,223,408	8,462,990	1,203,866	1,501,781	949,639	10,091	19,996	22,371,771
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Administrative	414,402	-	-	-	-	_	-	414,402
Administrator	308,165	-	-	-	-	-	-	308,165
Finance	529,224	-	-	-	-	-	-	529,224
Legal services	61,082	-	-	-	-	-	-	61,082
City court	81,952	-	-	-	-	-	-	81,952
911 telecommunications	1,067,062	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,067,062
Animal shelter	129,620	-	-	-	-	-	-	129,620
Police	3,205,404	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,205,404
Fire	2,536,961	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,536,961
Building maintenance	83,602	-	-	-	-	-	-	83,602
Engineering	743,535	-	-	-	-	-	-	743,535
Community development	362,679	-	-	-	-	-	-	362,679
Library	198,361	-	-	-	-	-	-	198,361
Economic development	222,994	-	-	-	-	-	-	222,994
Public works	-	2,615,762	-	-	-	-	-	2,615,762
Parks and recreation	-	-	1,360,206	1,011,171	-	-	-	2,371,377
Airport	-	-	-	-	1,104,510	-	-	1,104,510
Capital outlay	778,896	4,641,535	141,645	299,336	22,871	-	-	5,884,283
Debt service:	200 170	925 009	45 (72		27 575			1 207 226
Principal Interest and other fiscal charges	388,170	825,908	45,673	-	37,575	-	-	1,297,326
Total Expenditures	126,685 11,238,794	122,863 8,206,068	9,204 1,556,728	1,310,507	12,658			271,410 23,489,711
Total Expenditures	11,238,794	8,200,008	1,330,728	1,510,507	1,1//,014			23,489,/11
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,015,386)	256,922	(352,862)	191,274	(227,975)	10,091	19,996	(1,117,940)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Capital lease	186,000	-	93,951	-	-	-	-	279,951
Sale of capital assets	-	31,504	-	-	-	-	-	31,504
Transfers in	996,500	-	-	1,437	158,270	-	-	1,156,207
Transfers out	(158,270)	(437,400)	(71,300)	(65,900)		(1,437)		(734,307)
Total Other Financing								
Sources (Uses)	1,024,230	(405,896)	22,651	(64,463)	158,270	(1,437)		733,355
NET CHANGE IN FUND								
BALANCES	8,844	(148,974)	(330,211)	126,811	(69,705)	8,654	19,996	(384,585)
FUND BALANCES, OCTOBER 1	3,287,530	2,388,244	2,854,344	113,268	(90,532)	335,996	74 100	8,962,950
TOTAL BALANCES, OCTOBER I	3,207,330	2,300,244	2,034,344	113,400	(30,334)	333,770	74,100	0,902,930
FUND BALANCES, SEPTEMBER 30	\$ 3,296,374	2,239,270	2,524,133	240,079	(160,237)	344,650	94,096	8,578,365

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Net Change In Fund Balances - Governmental Funds \$	(384,585)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays	
over the capitalization threshold (\$4,588,924) exceeded depreciation (\$3,368,101) in the current period.	1,220,823
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, donations) is to increase net position.	17,195
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported in the governmental funds financial statements.	(3,111)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to the governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, the governmental funds report the premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred	
and amortized in the statement of activities. This is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	
Capital lease (279,951) Repayments:	
Capital leases 630,655	
Bonds and certificates of participation payable 666,671	
Amortization 11,863	
Net Adjustment	1,029,238
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current	
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	
Accrued interest on debt 2,591	
Accrued compensated absences (32,056)	
OPEB expense (350,900)	
	(1,014,706)
The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The net expense of certain activities of the Internal Service Fund is	
reported with governmental activities.	39,201
Change In Net Position Of Governmental Activities	904,055

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

		Enterprise Funds			
		Environmental		Service	
	Sewer	Services	Total	Fund	
ASSETS					
Current Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,794,249	1,229,021	3,023,270	488,005	
Utilities receivable, net	610,569	445,179	1,055,748	-	
Other accounts receivable	-	-	-	27,537	
Accrued interest receivable	10,672	-	10,672	-	
Prepaid items	35,414	60,328	95,742		
Total Current Assets	2,450,904	1,734,528	4,185,432	515,542	
Noncurrent Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	625,363	-	625,363	-	
Investments - restricted	911,066	-	911,066	-	
Net pension asset	199,261	340,940	540,201	-	
Capital assets:					
Land	716,336	670,663	1,386,999	-	
Construction in progress	3,081,735	-	3,081,735	-	
Buildings	1,863,017	2,912,070	4,775,087	-	
Sewer treatment plant	14,921,589	- -	14,921,589	_	
Sewer mains and lines	13,245,596	-	13,245,596	-	
Manhole covers	1,459,701	-	1,459,701	-	
Major moveable equipment	2,080,179	3,678,250	5,758,429	-	
Less - Accumulated depreciation	(14,000,109)	(3,573,432)	(17,573,541)	-	
Total Capital Assets	23,368,044	3,687,551	27,055,595		
Total Noncurrent Assets	25,103,734	4,028,491	29,132,225	_	
Total Assets	27,554,638	5,763,019	33,317,657	515,542	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows of resources - pension related	150,280	257,136	407,416		
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable	165,506	116,959	282,465	166,432	
Accrued liabilities	22,321	28,821	51,142	-	
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	14,833	
Accrued interest payable	70,157	_	70,157		
Arbitrage payable	79,884	_	79,884	_	
Current maturities of long-term debt	862,247	55,008	917,255	_	
Total Current Liabilities	1,200,115	200,788	1,400,903	181,265	
Town Current Zanomine				101,200	
Noncurrent Liabilities	2.027.024		2 027 22 4		
Certificates of participation payable	3,837,004	-	3,837,004	-	
Revenue bonds payable, net	2,487,638	-	2,487,638	-	
Capital lease payable	228,672	-	228,672	-	
Payable to other governments	791,000	-	791,000	-	
Compensated absences payable	30,157	55,008	85,165		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	7,374,471	55,008	7,429,479		
Total Liabilities	8,574,586	255,796	8,830,382	181,265	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows of resources - pension related	41,917	71,721	113,638		
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	15,982,641	3,687,551	19,670,192	_	
Restricted	665,545	-	665,545	_	
Unrestricted	2,440,229	2,005,087	4,445,316	334,277	
	2,110,227		.,,,,,,,,		
Total Net Position	\$ 19,088,415	5,692,638	24,781,053	334,277	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	E	Enterprise Funds			
		Environmental			
	Sewer	Services	Total	Fund	
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ 3,189,439	3,549,432	6,738,871	-	
Charges to other departments	-	-	-	2,267,456	
Contributions - employees	-	-	-	774,133	
Miscellaneous	82		82	2,674	
Total Operating Revenues	3,189,521	3,549,432	6,738,953	3,044,263	
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personnel services	912,623	1,553,136	2,465,759	-	
Contractual services	210,969	26,585	237,554	-	
Repairs and maintenance	494,761	126,787	621,548	_	
Supplies	63,681	370,349	434,030	_	
Utilities	286,857	21,891	308,748	_	
Insurance claims and expenses	44,497	79,799	124,296	3,007,386	
Landfill	-	729,228	729,228	-	
Depreciation	716,482	325,839	1,042,321	_	
Miscellaneous	217,445	83,582	301,027	_	
Total Operating Expenses	2,947,315	3,317,196	6,264,511	3,007,386	
Total Operating Expenses	2,947,313	3,317,190	0,204,311	3,007,380	
OPERATING INCOME	242,206	232,236	474,442	36,877	
NONOPERATING REVENUES					
(EXPENSES)					
Intergovernmental	-	9,718	9,718	-	
Investment income	153,676	155	153,831	2,324	
Gain on sale of capital assets	77,823	25,470	103,293	-	
Interest and fiscal charges	(342,652)	-	(342,652)	-	
Total Nonoperating					
Revenues (Expenses)	(111,153)	35,343	(75,810)	2,324	
INCOME BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	131,053	267,579	398,632	39,201	
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	42,479	-	42,479	-	
TRANSFERS OUT	(274,500)	(147,400)	(421,900)		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(100,968)	120,179	19,211	39,201	
NET POSITION, OCTOBER 1	19,189,383	5,572,459	24,761,842	295,076	
NET POSITION, SEPTEMBER 30	\$ 19,088,415	5,692,638	24,781,053	334,277	

CITY OF ROLLA, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

]	Internal		
		Environmental		Service
	Sewer	Services	Total	Fund
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND				
CASH EQUIVALENTS				
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Cash received from customers	\$ 3,157,342	3,479,922	6,637,264	3,028,627
Cash paid to suppliers	(1,254,571)	(1,425,205)	(2,679,776)	(3,025,015)
Cash paid to employees	(841,797)	(1,411,703)	(2,253,500)	-
Net Cash Provided By				
Operating Activities	1,060,974	643,014	1,703,988	3,612
Cash flows from noncapital financing				
activities:				
Operating grants	-	9,718	9,718	-
Payments to other governments	(273,000)	-	(273,000)	-
Operating transfer out	(274,500)	(147,400)	(421,900)	-
Net Cash Used In Noncapital				
Financing Activities	(547,500)	(137,682)	(685,182)	
Cash flows from capital and related financing				
activities:				
Purchase of capital assets	(86,460)	(168,312)	(254,772)	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	84,982	25,470	110,452	-
Payment of capital lease obligation	(72,565)	-	(72,565)	-
Payment of bond principal	(530,000)	-	(530,000)	-
Payment of interest expense	(353,790)	-	(353,790)	-
Payment of principal on COPs	(248,329)		(248,329)	-
Net Cash Used In Capital And				
Related Financing Activities	(1,206,162)	(142,842)	(1,349,004)	
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Maturity of investments	321,137	-	321,137	-
Investment income	156,888	155	157,043	2,324
Net Cash Provided By				
Investing Activities	478,025	155	478,180	2,324
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH				
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(214,663)	362,645	147,982	5,936
-	, ,	-	-	•
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS,				
OCTOBER 1	2,634,275	866,376	3,500,651	482,069
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS,				
SEPTEMBER 30	\$ 2,419,612	1,229,021	3,648,633	488,005

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	E	Internal		
		Environmental		Service
	Sewer	Services	Total	Fund
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING				
INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED				
BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating income	\$ 242,206	232,236	474,442	36,877
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to				
net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation	716,482	325,839	1,042,321	-
(Increase) decrease in:				
Utilities receivable	(32,179)	(69,510)	(101,689)	-
Other accounts receivable	-	-	-	(15,636)
Prepaid items	(2,721)	(638)	(3,359)	-
Net pension asset	(101,509)	(164,758)	(266,267)	-
Deferred outflows - pension related	173,751	326,879	500,630	-
Increase (decrease) in:				
Accounts payable	68,529	13,654	82,183	(21,735)
Accrued liabilities	5,354	3,807	9,161	4,106
Compensated absences	6,782	3,757	10,539	-
Arbitrage payable	(2,169)	-	(2,169)	-
Deferred inflows - pension related	(13,552)	(28,252)	(41,804)	-
Total Adjustments	818,768	410,778	1,229,546	(33,265)
Net Cash Provided By				
Operating Activities	\$ 1,060,974	643,014	1,703,988	3,612

Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:

Sewer Fund received \$42,479, in contributed sewer lines from developers.

Sewer Fund purchased equipment through a capital finance lease agreement for \$375,000.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The CITY OF ROLLA, MISSOURI (the City) was incorporated on January 25, 1861, under the provisions of the State of Missouri. The City operates under a City Council-Mayor form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), streets, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning, and general administrative services. Other services include sewer operations and sanitation services. Rolla Municipal Utilities (RMU) provides water and electric services.

The accounting and financial reporting policies of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental entities. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

1. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of the City include the financial activities of the City and any component units, entities which are financially accountable to the City.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

RMU was established by City Ordinance in 1944. RMU is operated by a Board of Public Works, the members of which are appointed by the Mayor and approved by the City Council. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, after consideration of the financial benefits and other criteria, RMU has been included as a component unit in the City's reporting entity and is discretely presented as such in the basic financial statements. RMU's audited component unit financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2017, are available in their entirety at RMU.

Related Organization

After due consideration of each criteria, especially the substance of the City's relationship with organizations/entities and using professional judgment, an organization was excluded from the City's financial statements because significant financial accountability does not exist. This organization together with the reasons for its exclusion from the City's reporting entity is as follows:

The Phelps County Landfill Board (Landfill Board) is an independent organization that operates a county-wide landfill. The board members are representatives of the cities within Phelps County, Missouri, and a representative of the Phelps County Commission. The City provides daily managerial and accounting services for a monthly fee. The Landfill Board maintains oversight responsibility and holds title to its assets. The City does not have budgetary authority, has no control over selection of Board members, and is not responsible for funding deficits. The landfill has been closed and is no longer accepting refuse. However, the Landfill Board operates a transfer station for disposal of area solid waste.

2. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activities have been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual Enterprise Funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental funds financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due (i.e., matured).

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund -- The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in other funds.

Street Fund -- The Street Fund of the City is used to account for resources restricted, committed, or assigned for the street department and certain other capital improvements within the City.

Recreation Center Fund -- The Recreation Center Fund is used to account for tax revenues and charges for services that are restricted, committed, or assigned for the City's recreation center.

Parks Fund -- The Parks Fund is used to account for tax revenues and charges for services that are restricted, committed, or assigned for the City's parks.

Airport Fund -- The Airport Fund is used to account for charges for services and expenditures that are restricted, committed, or assigned for the City's airport.

Cemetery Fund -- The Cemetery Fund is used to account for resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned for the City's cemetery.

Park Land Reserve Fund -- The Park Land Reserve Fund is used to account for proceeds that are restricted, committed, or assigned from the sale of park land.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Sewer Fund -- The Sewer Fund accounts for the activities and capital improvements of the City's sewer system.

Environmental Services Fund -- The Environmental Services Fund accounts for the activities and capital improvements of the City's sanitation department and recycling center.

Internal Service Fund -- The Internal Service Fund accounts for the costs of self-insurance funds on a cost-reimbursement basis.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this rule are payment-in-lieu of taxes and other charges and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and

3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's Enterprise Funds are charges for sales and services. Operating expenses for Enterprise Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, buildings, improvements, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, storm sewers, and similar items) and are included in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, excluding land, are defined by the City as assets with a cost of \$5,000 or greater and an estimated useful life of at least one year. All land purchases are capitalized regardless of cost. All purchased fixed assets are valued at cost when historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost when no historical records exist. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimate fair value on the date received. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Historically, governmental infrastructure assets have not been capitalized and reported in the financial statements. In conformity with GASB Statement No. 34, infrastructure, such as streets and storm sewers, completed in the current year has been capitalized. Additionally, the City elected to depreciate its infrastructure assets. Depreciation is provided in amounts sufficient to relate the cost of the depreciable assets to operations over their estimated service lives on the straight-line basis.

The service lives by type of asset are as follows:

Assets	Years
Primary Government	
Major moveable equipment	4 - 10
Sewer mains and lines	100
Sewer plant	40
Manhole additions	100
Buildings and improvements	10 - 30
Streets	50
Wearing surfaces	7 - 13
Inlets	100
Sidewalks	50
Storm sewers	50 - 100

4. Capital Assets (Continued)

Assets	Years
RMU	
Electric plant:	
General electric plant	20
Transportation equipment	$6\frac{2}{3}$
Power operated equipment	$6^{2/_{3}}$
Stores, laboratory tools, communication	
and miscellaneous equipment	10
Water plant:	
General water plant	331/3
Pumping plant	10
Chlorination and fluoridation equipment	20
Laboratory and general equipment	10

Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to expense; renewals and betterments are capitalized.

5. Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City pools cash resources of its various funds in order to facilitate the management of cash. Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable. The balance in the pooled cash account is available to meet current operating requirements.

6. Inventory

Primary Government

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost of market. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out method. Inventory usage is recognized on the consumption method.

RMU

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined using the average cost method.

7. Compensated Absences

Primary Government

Annual vacation leave is earned by all full-time employees. Upon termination, employees are entitled to receive compensation for up to 6 weeks unused accrued vacation leave.

Effective October 1, 1990, the City adopted a sick leave policy whereby full-time employees with five years or more employment with the City can accumulate up to 18 weeks sick leave.

7. Compensated Absences (Continued)

Upon retirement or resignation in good faith, full-time employees are entitled to one-fourth (1/4) regular pay; [one-sixth (1/6) regular pay for nonexempt fire personnel] for the first nine weeks unused sick leave and one-half (1/2) regular pay [one-third (1/3) regular pay for fire personnel] for any unused sick leave above nine weeks to a maximum of 18 weeks in total.

Liabilities for compensated absences are determined at the end of the year based on current salary rates. Compensated absences are reported in the statement of net position for both the governmental and business-type activities. The accumulated annual leave of the Enterprise Funds is included as an accrued liability of such funds.

Liability for sick leave was recognized during the current year based on the following criteria:

- a) The City's obligation relating to sick leave is attributable to employees' services already rendered.
- b) The obligation relates to rights that vest or accumulate.
- c) The amount can be reasonably estimated based on current pay rates.

Compensated absences are recorded as a liability in the statement of net position.

RMU

Annual vacation leave is earned by all full-time employees. Upon termination, employees are entitled to receive compensation for unused accrued vacation leave up to a maximum of 240 hours. Liabilities for compensated absences are determined at the end of the year based on current salary rates.

8. Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the City to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at fiscal year-end and revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

9. Interest Capitalization

Interest expense that relates to the cost of acquiring or constructing fixed assets in the Enterprise Funds is capitalized. Interest expense incurred in connection with construction of capital assets has been reduced by interest earned on the investment of funds borrowed for construction in accordance with FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic No. 835-20-30 - The Amount Interest Cost to be Capitalized in Situations Involving Certain Tax-Exempt Borrowing and Certain Gifts and Grants.

10. Revenue Recognition - Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on November 1 and are due and payable at that time. All unpaid taxes levied November 1 become delinquent after December 31 of that year.

11. Deposits and Investments

Primary Government

For financial statement purposes, the City considers all accounts subject to withdrawal by check or on demand to be cash equivalents. All other deposits and certificates of deposit are considered to be investments.

RMU

For purposes of the statement of cash flow, RMU considers all accounts subject to withdrawal by check or on demand to be cash equivalents. All other deposits and certificates of deposit are considered to be investments. Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value on investments are determined by closing market prices at year-end as reported by the custodian.

12. Fund Balance Policies

The fund balance amounts are reported in the following applicable categories listed from the most restrictive to the least restrictive:

Nonspendable -- The portion of a governmental fund's fund balances that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact.

Restricted -- The portion of a governmental fund's fund balances that are subject to external restrictions and constrained to specific purposes imposed by agreement, through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

Committed -- The portion of a governmental fund's fund balances with self-imposed constraints or limitations by formal action (resolution) of the City Council, the highest level of decision-making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Council removes the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment.

Assigned -- The portion of fund balance that the City intends to use for a specific purpose, as determined by the applicable designated officials to which the City Council has designated authority. Intent can be expressed by the City Council in the form of a motion. Action by the City Council must occur prior to year-end.

12. Fund Balance Policies (Continued)

Unassigned -- Amounts that are available for any purpose; these positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred in governmental funds which may be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the City's policy is to pay the expenditure from the restricted fund balance and then from less restrictive classification - committed, assigned, and then unassigned fund balances.

City Council has formally adopted a minimum fund balance policy of 25% (three months) of operating expenditures in the General Fund.

13. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS) and additions to/deductions from LAGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LAGERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. LAGERS' investments are reported at fair value.

14. Post-employment Health Care Benefits

Retiree Benefits -- The City offers post-employment health care benefits to all eligible employees who retire from the City. Retirees are eligible until attainment of Medicare Eligibility Age. Retirees pay a rate less than 100% of the cost, determined by City Council as the City is self-insured.

15. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City only has two items that qualifies for reporting in this category in the government-wide statement of net position. The first item is the deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second item is deferred outflows related to the pension.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an

15. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two type items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting noted as unavailable revenues which, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from various sources. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts have become available. The second item is deferred inflows related to the pension on the government-wide financial statements.

16. Interfund Transactions

In the fund financial statements, the City has the following types of transactions among funds:

Transfers -- Legally authorized transfers are reported when incurred as transfers in by the recipient fund and as transfers out by the disbursing fund.

Elimination of interfund activity has been made for governmental activities in the governmentwide financial statements.

NOTE B - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

1. Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned or the City will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. The City's bank deposits are required by state law to be secured by the deposit of certain securities specified at RSMo 30.270 with the City or trustee institution. The value of the securities must amount to the total of the City's cash not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

As of September 30, 2017, the City's bank balances were entirely secured or collateralized with securities held by the City or by its agent in the City's name.

As of September 30, 2017, RMU's bank balances were entirely secured or collateralized with securities held by RMU or by its agent in RMU's name.

2. Investments

As of September 30, 2017, the City had the following investments:

NOTE B - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

2. Investments (Continued)

			Maturities		
	Fair	No	1 - 5	6 - 10	Credit
	Value	Maturity	Years	Years	Risk
Primary Government					
Guaranteed investment contracts	\$ 910,881	-	910,881	-	Not rated
State and local government series	185	-	185	-	AAA
Money market fund	125,049	125,049			Not rated
Total Investments	\$ 1,036,115	125,049	911,066		

Investments Policies

Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. In accordance with its investment policy, the City minimizes credit risk by diversifying the portfolio to reduce potential losses on individual securities.

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. In accordance with its investment policy, the City minimizes interest rate risk by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, therefore avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity and investing in primarily short-term securities.

Concentration of Credit Risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the City's investment in a single issuer. In accordance with its investment policy, the City minimizes concentration of credit risk by diversifying the investment portfolio.

Concentration of credit risk is required to be disclosed by the City for investments in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of total investments (investments issued by or explicitly guaranteed by the United States Government, investments in mutual funds, investments in external investment pools, and investments in other pooled investments are exempt). Defined benefit plans are required to disclose investments in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of total plan net position with the same exemptions as above. At September 30, 2017, the City had the following investment concentrations:

Primary Government	Fair Value	Percent Of Total Investments
Money market funds Guaranteed investment contracts	\$ 125,049 910,881	12.08 % 87.91

NOTE B - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

3. Fair Value Measurements

The City classifies its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are prices quoted in active markets for those securities; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs using a matrix pricing technique; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. The inputs and methodologies used for valuing investment securities are not necessarily an indication of risk associated with investing in those securities.

The City has the following recurring fair value level measurements as of September 30, 2017:

		Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Primary Government					
Investments by fair value level:	C	105		105	
State and local government series	\$	185		185	
Investments not subject to fair value level					
classification:					
Guaranteed investment contracts		910,881			
Money market funds		125,049			
Total Investments	\$ 1	,036,115			

NOTE C - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable are presented net of allowance for doubtful accounts as follows:

NOTE C - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (Continued)

	For The Year Ended September 30, 2017					
	Accounts			Net Accounts		
	Receivable		Allowance	Receivable		
Primary Government	<u></u>					
Taxes receivables:						
General Fund	\$	1,023,086	(5,050)	1,018,036		
Street Fund		689,728	-	689,728		
Parks and Recreation Center Funds		151,083		151,083		
Total Taxes Receivables	\$	1,863,897	(5,050)	1,858,847		
Utilities receivables:						
Sewer Fund	\$	616,769	(6,200)	610,569		
Environmental Services Fund		445,179		445,179		
Total Utilities Receivables	\$	1,061,948	(6,200)	1,055,748		
Court fines receivable:						
General Fund	\$	131,393	(89,919)	41,474		
RMU						
Accounts receivables:						
Utilities receivable including						
refundable deposits	\$	927,479	(60,000)	867,479		
Unbilled utilities receivable		1,663,456	-	1,663,456		
Other		95,757		95,757		
Total Accounts Receivables	\$	2,686,692	(60,000)	2,626,692		

NOTE D - RESTRICTED ASSETS

Cash, investments, and net position have been restricted in the following funds and activities as follows:

NOTE D - RESTRICTED ASSETS (Continued)

	September 30, 2017			
	Restricted			
	Cash And	Restricted		
	Investments	Net Position		
General Fund				
Court bonds	\$ 1,943	-		
TIF deposits	42,103	28,252		
Police evidence	11,669	-		
Seizures and forfeitures	55,997	55,997		
Animal control shelter	478,755	478,755		
Property fire	105			
Total General Fund	\$ 590,572	563,004		
Sewer Fund				
1996E Revenue Bonds:				
Rebate account	\$ 1,759	-		
Principal and interest	185	185		
2000A Revenue Bonds:				
Reserve account	791,000	-		
Rebate account	60,251	-		
Principal and interest	119,881	119,881		
2006B Revenue Bonds:				
Rebate account	17,874	-		
Principal and interest	45,165	45,165		
Depreciation and replacement	500,314	500,314		
Total Sewer Fund	\$ 1,536,429	665,545		

NOTE E - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Governmental Activities

Long-term debt of the City consists of ten capital lease purchase agreements, Series 2012 and Series 2015 certificates of participation, one general obligation bond issue payable, and compensated absences payable.

Series 2012 Certificates of Participation

On, June 29, 2012, the City issued \$2,755,000 of Series 2012 certificates of participation. The certificates of participation were issued to refinance the 2010 DNR Energy Efficiency Project and are split between governmental and business-type activities. The certificates of participation bear interest from 2% to 3.40% and are due on January 1, 2027.

Capital Leases

On March 21, 2005, the City entered into a 20-year lease purchase agreement to finance City Hall improvements. The agreement requires annual payments of \$187,621, including interest at 4.3%.

On May 1, 2007, the City entered into an 11-year lease purchase agreement to finance the purchase of a new fire truck. The agreement requires annual lease payments of \$65,120, including interest at 6.37%.

On September 5, 2007, the City entered into a 20-year lease purchase agreement to finance the purchase of forest service land. This is a noninterest bearing lease maturing January 1, 2027. In accordance with APB No. 21, an effective interest rate of 4% was calculated based on the City's borrowing abilities. The lease requires annual payments of \$25,550, including effective interest of 4%.

On February 15, 2011, the City entered into a 9-year lease purchase agreement to finance the purchase of a new fire truck. The agreement requires annual lease payments of \$76,794, which includes interest at 2.99%.

On February 8, 2013, the City entered into a 10-year lease purchase agreement to finance the purchase of a new fire truck. The agreement requires annual lease payments of \$50,432, which includes interest at 2.35%.

On March 19, 2014, the City entered into a 5-year lease purchase agreement to finance the purchase of a new motor grader and dump truck. The agreement requires lease payments of \$52,701, which includes interest at 1.78%.

On March 13, 2015, the City entered into a 5-year lease purchase agreement to finance the purchase of public works equipment. The agreement requires annual lease payments of \$40,851, which includes interest at 1.74%.

On March 8, 2016 the City entered into a 5-year lease purchase agreement to finance the purchase of public works equipment. The agreement requires annual lease payments of \$97,071, which includes interest at 1.79%.

On October 21, 2016, the City entered into a 5-year lease purchase agreement to finance the purchase of breathing apparatus equipment. The agreement requires annual lease payments of \$39,061, which includes interest at 1.65%.

On November 1, 2016, the City entered into a 3-year lease purchase agreement to finance the purchase of fitness equipment. The agreement requires monthly lease payments of \$2,779, which includes interest at 4.118%.

These lease agreements provide for cancellation of the leases on the annual renewal dates if the City should fail to appropriate funds. However, the City does not foresee exercising its options to cancel. Therefore, these leases are accounted for as noncancellable capital leases.

The assets acquired through the capital leases are as follows:

	September 30 2017
Land	\$ 356,512
Building	1,763,319
Machinery and equipment	3,411,680
Total Cost	5,531,511
Less - Accumulated depreciation	2,732,171
Net Book Value	\$ 2,799,340

The total annual minimum lease payments required at September 30, 2017, are as follows:

City					Public	Public	Public	Breathing		
Hall	2007		2011	2013	Works	Works	Works	Apparatus	Fitness	
Improve-	Fire	Forest	Fire	Fire	Equip-	Equip-	Equip-	Equip-	Equip-	
ments	Truck	Land	Truck	Truck	ment	ment	ment	ment	ment	Total
187,621	65,120	25,550	76,794	50,432	52,701	40,851	97,071	39,061	33,345	668,546
187,621	-	25,550	76,794	50,432	52,701	40,851	97,071	39,062	30,566	600,648
187,621	-	25,550	76,794	50,432	-	40,851	97,071	39,061	5,558	522,938
187,621	-	25,550	-	50,432	-	-	97,071	39,062	-	399,736
187,621	-	25,550	-	50,432	-	-	-	-	-	263,603
469,598		127,750								597,348
1,407,703	65,120	255,500	230,382	252,160	105,402	122,553	388,284	156,246	69,469	3,052,819
(215,179)	(2,378)	(48,268)	(13,119)	(16,848)	(2,747)	(4,149)	(17,007)	(6,238)	(3,006)	(328,939)
1,192,524	62,742	207,232	217,263	235,312	102,655	118,404	371,277	150,008	66,463	2,723,880
	Hall Improvements 187,621 187,621 187,621 187,621 187,621 469,598 1,407,703 (215,179)	Hall 2007 Improvements Fire 187,621 65,120 187,621 - 187,621 - 187,621 - 187,621 - 469,598 - 1,407,703 65,120 (215,179) (2,378)	Hall 2007 Improvements Fire Truck Forest Land 187,621 65,120 25,550 187,621 - 25,550 187,621 - 25,550 187,621 - 25,550 187,621 - 25,550 187,621 - 25,550 469,598 - 127,750 1,407,703 65,120 255,500 (215,179) (2,378) (48,268)	Hall 2007 2011 Improvements Fire Truck Forest Land Fire Truck 187,621 65,120 25,550 76,794 187,621 - 25,550 76,794 187,621 - 25,550 76,794 187,621 - 25,550 - 187,621 - 25,550 - 187,621 - 25,550 - 469,598 - 127,750 - 1,407,703 65,120 255,500 230,382 (215,179) (2,378) (48,268) (13,119)	Hall 2007 2011 2013 Improvements Fire Truck Forest Land Fire Truck Fire Truck 187,621 65,120 25,550 76,794 50,432 187,621 - 25,550 76,794 50,432 187,621 - 25,550 76,794 50,432 187,621 - 25,550 - 50,432 187,621 - 25,550 - 50,432 187,621 - 25,550 - 50,432 187,621 - 25,550 - 50,432 187,621 - 25,550 - 50,432 187,621 - 25,550 - 50,432 469,598 - 127,750 - - 1,407,703 65,120 255,500 230,382 252,160 (215,179) (2,378) (48,268) (13,119) (16,848)	Hall 2007 2011 2013 Works Improvements Fire Truck Forest Land Fire Truck Fire Truck Fire ment 187,621 65,120 25,550 76,794 50,432 52,701 187,621 - 25,550 76,794 50,432 52,701 187,621 - 25,550 76,794 50,432 - 187,621 - 25,550 - 50,432 - 187,621 - 25,550 - 50,432 - 187,621 - 25,550 - 50,432 - 187,621 - 25,550 - 50,432 - 469,598 - 127,750 - - - 1,407,703 65,120 255,500 230,382 252,160 105,402 (215,179) (2,378) (48,268) (13,119) (16,848) (2,747)	Hall 2007 2011 2013 Works Works Improvements Fire Forest Fire Fire Fire Equipment 187,621 65,120 25,550 76,794 50,432 52,701 40,851 187,621 - 25,550 76,794 50,432 52,701 40,851 187,621 - 25,550 76,794 50,432 - 40,851 187,621 - 25,550 - 50,432 - - 187,621 - 25,550 - 50,432 - - 187,621 - 25,550 - 50,432 - - 187,621 - 25,550 - 50,432 - - 469,598 - 127,750 - - - - 1,407,703 65,120 255,500 230,382 252,160 105,402 122,553 (215,179) (2,378) (48,268) (13,119) <t< td=""><td> Hall 2007 Fire Forest Fire Fire Fire Equip- ments Truck Truck Truck Truck Equip- ment ment ment ment ment 187,621 65,120 25,550 76,794 50,432 52,701 40,851 97,071 187,621 - 25,550 76,794 50,432 52,701 40,851 97,071 187,621 - 25,550 76,794 50,432 52,701 40,851 97,071 187,621 - 25,550 76,794 50,432 - 40,851 97,071 187,621 - 25,550 - 50,432 - 97,071 187,621 - 25,550 - 50,432 - 97,071 187,621 - 25,550 - 50,432 97,071 187,621 - 25,550 - 50,432 469,598 - 127,750 </td><td> Hall 2007 Fire Forest Fire Fire Fire Equipments Truck Land Truck Truck Equipment Equipments Truck Equipment Equipmen</td><td> Hall 2007 Fire Forest Fire Fire Fire Equip- ment Equip- ment Equip- ment Equip- ment Equip- ment me</td></t<>	Hall 2007 Fire Forest Fire Fire Fire Equip- ments Truck Truck Truck Truck Equip- ment ment ment ment ment 187,621 65,120 25,550 76,794 50,432 52,701 40,851 97,071 187,621 - 25,550 76,794 50,432 52,701 40,851 97,071 187,621 - 25,550 76,794 50,432 52,701 40,851 97,071 187,621 - 25,550 76,794 50,432 - 40,851 97,071 187,621 - 25,550 - 50,432 - 97,071 187,621 - 25,550 - 50,432 - 97,071 187,621 - 25,550 - 50,432 97,071 187,621 - 25,550 - 50,432 469,598 - 127,750	Hall 2007 Fire Forest Fire Fire Fire Equipments Truck Land Truck Truck Equipment Equipments Truck Equipment Equipmen	Hall 2007 Fire Forest Fire Fire Fire Equip- ment Equip- ment Equip- ment Equip- ment Equip- ment me

Series 2012 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

	September 30 2017
On September 5, 2012, the City issued \$3,445,000 in general obligation refunding bonds	
due on March 1, 2019, with interest at 2%.	\$1,220,000

Series 2015 Certificates of Participation

On, July 1, 2015, the City issued \$3,445,000 of Series 2015 certificates of participation for streets, parking lots and to fund local parks. The certificates of participation bear interest from 1.5% to 3.0% and are due on February 1, 2025.

\$3,095,000

Principal and interest payments are due as follows:

For The Years Ending	Gene	ral Obligation l	bonds	Series 2015 Certificates Of Participation		
September 30	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 600,000	18,400	618,400	-	75,348	75,348
2019	620,000	6,200	626,200	-	75,348	75,348
2020	-	-	-	485,000	70,983	555,983
2021	-	-	_	495,000	61,544	556,544
2022	-	-	-	510,000	50,605	560,605
2023 - 2025				1,605,000	70,350	1,675,350
Total	\$ 1,220,000	24,600	1,244,600	3,095,000	404,178	3,499,178

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for governmental activities is as follows:

	For The Year Ended September 30, 2017					Amounts
	Se	Balance ptember 30 2016	Additions	Deletions	Balance September 30 2017	Due Within One Year
Capital leases payable	\$	3,074,584	279,951	630,655	2,723,880	580,808
General obligation bonds		1,800,000	-	580,000	1,220,000	600,000
Plus - Premium on bonds		66,144	_	22,048	44,096	-
Certificates of participation		4,211,341	_	86,671	4,124,670	86,675
Less - Discount on bonds		(1,907)	-	(224)	(1,683)	_
Compensated absences payable		959,396	511,754	479,698	991,452	495,726
Total Governmental Activities Long-	ф	10 100 550	701 705	1 700 040	0.102.415	1.762.200
term Liabilities	\$	10,109,558	791,705	1,798,848	9,102,415	1,763,209

The liability for compensated absences is generally liquidated by the General Fund.

Business-type Activities

Long-term debt in the Sewer Fund consists of one capital lease purchase agreement, the 2000A Wastewater System Revenue Bonds, the 2006B Sewerage System Revenue Bonds, and the Series 2012 and 2012B certificates of participation.

Capital Lease

On October 21, 2016, the City entered into a 5-year lease purchase agreement to finance the purchase of a 2014 Freightliner Truck with VactorTRAK system. The agreement requires annual lease payments of \$78,753, which includes interest at 1.650%.

The asset acquired through the capital lease is as follows:

	September 30 2017
Machinery and equipment, cost Less - Accumulated depreciation	\$ 375,157 31,263
Net Book Value	\$ 343,894

The total annual minimum lease payments required at September 30, 2017, are as follows:

For The Years Ending September 30	<u>-</u>	_Fre	2014 eightliner
2018		\$	78,753
2019			78,753
2020			78,753
2021			78,753
	Total Minimum Lease Payments		315,012
Less - Interest			12,577
	Present Value Of Minimum Lease Payments	\$	302,435

Series 2012 Certificates of Participation

On June 29, 2012, the City issued \$2,755,000 of Series 2012 certificates of participation. The certificates of participation were issued to refinance the 2010 DNR Energy Efficiency Project and are split between governmental and business-type activities. The certificates of participation bear interest from 2.0% to 3.4% and are due on January 1, 2027.

The annual debt service requirements on the Series 2012 certificates of participation, split between the Sewer Fund and the governmental activities of the City, at September 30, 2017, are as follows:

NOTE E - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

For The Years Ending	For The ears Ending Governmental Activ			Business-typ	e Activities	Total		
September 30	P	rincipal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2018	\$	86,675	27,466	78,326	24,821	165,001	52,287	
2019		89,301	25,595	80,699	23,130	170,000	48,725	
2020		91,928	23,488	83,073	21,225	175,001	44,713	
2021		94,554	21,155	85,446	19,117	180,000	40,272	
2022		97,181	18,566	87,820	16,777	185,001	35,343	
2023 - 2027		570,031	45,224	444,966	40,867	1,014,997	86,091	
Total	\$	1,029,670	161,494	860,330	145,937	1,890,000	307,431	

Series 2012B Certificates of Participation

In October 2012, the City issued \$4,080,000 of Series 2012B certificates of participation. The certificates of participation were issued to pay the costs of acquiring, constructing, and equipping improvements to the City's sewer system. The certificates of participation bear interest from 2% to 3.45% and are due on July 1, 2032.

The annual debt service requirements on the Series 2012B certificates of participation at September 30, 2017, are as follows:

For The Years Ending September 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 175,000	100,212	275,212
2019	180,000	94,962	274,962
2020	185,000	89,562	274,562
2021	190,000	85,123	275,123
2022	195,000	80,088	275,088
2023 - 2027	1,060,000	311,860	1,371,860
2028 - 2032	1,245,000	130,858	1,375,858
Total	\$ 3,230,000	892,665	4,122,665

2000A Wastewater System Revenue Bonds

In March 2000, the City entered into an agreement with the Missouri Leveraged State Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund Program to sell \$5,000,000 in Wastewater System Revenue Bonds, Series 2000A. The bonds bear interest at 4.6% to 5.75%. The interest paid is offset by an interest subsidy from the State of Missouri's 50% bond reserves, which earn interest at 5.4%. Interest payments are due semi-annually on January 1 and July 1 of each year with annual principal payments due July 1 of each year. The bonds also require an administrative fee payable annually on January 1 of each year at 0.714% of the outstanding principal balance.

The annual debt service requirements to amortize the principal on the 2000A revenue bonds outstanding at September 30, 2017, are as follows:

For The Years Ending September 30	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Administrative Fee	Total
2018	\$ 355,000	63,868	8,068	426,936
2019	375,000	43,987	5,533	424,520
2020	400,000	22,800	2,856	425,656
Total	\$ 1,130,000	130,655	16,457	1,277,112

2006B Sewerage System Revenue Bonds

In July 2007, the City entered into an agreement with the Missouri Leveraged State Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund Program to sell \$3,005,000 in Sewerage System Revenue Bonds, Series 2006B. The bonds bear interest at 4% to 5%. The interest paid is offset by an interest subsidy from the State of Missouri's 50% bond reserves, which earn interest at 4.125%. Interest payments are due semi-annually on January 1 and July 1 each year with annual principal payments due July 1 of each year. The bonds also require an administrative fee payable annually on January 1 of each year at 0.714% of the outstanding principal balance.

The annual debt service requirements to amortize the principal on the 2006B revenue bonds outstanding at September 30, 2017, are as follows:

For The Years Ending September 30	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Administrative Fee	Total
2018	\$ 150,000	83,087	12,995	246,082
2019	155,000	77,087	11,923	244,010
2020	160,000	70,888	10,817	241,705
2021	165,000	64,488	9,675	239,163
2022	175,000	56,237	8,497	239,734
2023 - 2027	1,015,000	142,051	22,383	1,179,434
Total	\$ 1,820,000	493,838	76,290	2,390,128

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for business-type activities is as follows:

	For The Year Ended September 30, 2017				Amounts	
		Balance ptember 30 2016	Additions	Deletions	Balance September 30 2017	Due Within One Year
Revenue bonds	\$	3,480,000	-	530,000	2,950,000	505,000
Plus - Premium on bonds		47,375	-	4,737	42,638	_
Capital leases payable		-	375,000	72,565	302,435	73,763
Certificates of participation		4,338,659	-	248,329	4,090,330	253,326
Compensated absences		159,792	90,436	79,897	170,331	85,166
Total Business-type Activities Long- term Liabilities	\$	8,025,826	465,436	935,528	7,555,734	917,255

Payable to Other Governments

In conjunction with the bonds dated December 1996 and March 2000, reserve accounts have been established with no-interest loans funded with federal capitalization grants and matching funds from the State of Missouri. When fully funded, these loans (reserve accounts) will be funded in an amount equal to 70% of the outstanding principal amount of such bonds. These reserve accounts are held in trust. As the principal amount of such bonds is repaid, the amounts held in the reserve accounts will be reduced such that the reserve accounts will equal 70% of the remaining principal of such bonds.

RMU

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities is as follows:

	 For The Year Ended September 30, 2017				Amounts
	Balance ptember 30 2016	Additions	Deletions	Balance September 30 2017	Due Within One Year
Leases payable Compensated absences	\$ 11,978,000 136,408	123,891	849,000 124,274	11,129,000 136,025	882,000 136,025
Total	\$ 12,114,408	123,891	973,274	11,265,025	1,018,025

Leases Payable

RMU entered into a lease purchase agreement during the year ended September 30, 2003, for construction of water towers and other improvements. The lease agreement calls for varying semi-annual principal payments through 2023 with interest at 3.55%. Current maturity of lease principal is \$145,000.

RMU entered into a lease purchase agreement during the year ended September 30, 2009, for construction of electric power substation, purchase transmission lines, and related equipment. The lease agreement calls for varying monthly principal payments through 2029 with interest at 3.885%. Current maturity of lease principal is \$737,000.

These lease purchase agreements provide for cancellation of the leases if RMU should fail to appropriate funds on the annual renewal dates. However, RMU does not foresee exercising its right to cancel. Therefore, these leases are accounted for as noncancellable capital leases.

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments are as follows:

For The Years Ending	Water	Electric		
September 30	Towers	Substation	Total	
2018	\$ 185,038	8 1,102,850	1,287,888	
2019	183,414	, ,	1,287,665	
2020	186,520	1,106,665	1,293,191	
2021	184,292	2 1,108,862	1,293,154	
2022	186,729	9 1,110,096	1,296,825	
2023 - 2027	193,624	5,587,441	5,781,065	
2028 - 2029	-	1,407,497	1,407,497	
Total Minimum Lease				
Payments	1,119,623	3 12,527,662	13,647,285	
Less - Imputed interest	134,623	3 2,383,662	2,518,285	
Present Value Of Minimum				
Lease Payments	\$ 985,000	0 10,144,000	11,129,000	

The assets acquired through the capital leases are as follows:

	September 30 2017
Cost Less - Accumulated depreciation	\$ 17,033,496 5,738,577
Net Book Value	\$ 11,294,919

NOTE F - CAPITAL ASSETS

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the governmental activities was as follows:

For The Year Ended September 30, 2017 Balance **Balance** September 30 September 30 2016 **Increases** 2017 **Decreases Governmental Activities** Capital assets not being depreciated: Land 12,784,058 40,271 12,824,329 Construction in progress 55,778 55,778 Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated 12,839,836 40,271 55,778 12,824,329 Capital assets being depreciated: Building and improvements 25,058,438 882,873 25,941,311 Machinery and equipment 806,071 12,606,241 11,992,667 192,497 Infrastructure 83,957,296 2,933,440 86,890,736 **Total Capital Assets Being** Depreciated 192,497 121,008,401 4,622,384 125,438,288 Less - Accumulated depreciation for: Building and improvements 13,791,648 1,010,113 14,801,761 Machinery and equipment 8,419,888 702,491 191,739 8,930,640 Infrastructure 34,483,746 1,655,497 36,139,243 Total Accumulated Depreciation 56,695,282 191,739 3,368,101 59,871,644 Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net 758 1,254,283 65,566,644 64,313,119 Total Capital Assets - Governmental Activities, Net 77,152,955 1,294,554 56,536 78,390,973

Depreciation expense for governmental activities was charged to functions as follows:

NOTE F - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	For The Year Ended September 30 2017
Governmental Activities	Ф. 127.001
Administrative	\$ 137,091
Administrator	65
Finance	1,838
Animal shelter	7,470
Police	185,265
Fire	275,245
Building maintenance	7,978
Engineering	741
Community development	3,869
Public works	1,874,205
Parks and recreation	505,674
Airport	368,115
Cemetery	545
Total	\$ 3,368,101

Capital asset activity for the business-type activities was as follows:

	For The Year Ended September 30, 2017			
	Balance September 30		•	Balance September 30
	2016	Increases	Decreases	2017
Business-type Activities - Sewer				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 696,733	19,603	-	716,336
Construction in progress	3,081,735		<u> </u>	3,081,735
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	3,778,468	19,603		3,798,071
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	1,863,017	-	-	1,863,017
Equipment	1,864,036	458,628	242,485	2,080,179
Sewer collection system	29,601,178	25,708		29,626,886
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	33,328,231	484,336	242,485	33,570,082
Less - Accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	1,119,227	128,010	=	1,247,237
Equipment	1,434,025	105,850	235,326	1,304,549
Sewer collection system	10,965,701	482,622		11,448,323
Total Accumulated Depreciation	13,518,953	716,482	235,326	14,000,109
Total Capital Assets, Business-type				
Activities - Sewer, Being Depreciated, Net	19,809,278	(232,146)	7,159	19,569,973
Total Capital Assets - Business-type				
Activities - Sewer, Net	\$ 23,587,746	(212,543)	7,159	23,368,044

NOTE F - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	For The Year Ended September 30, 2017				
		Balance ptember 30 2016	Increases	Decreases	Balance September 30 2017
Business-type Activities - Environmental Services					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	670,663	-	-	670,663
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings		2,912,070	-	-	2,912,070
Equipment		3,626,730	168,312	116,792	3,678,250
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		6,538,800	168,312	116,792	6,590,320
Less - Accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings		962,851	104,109	-	1,066,960
Equipment		2,401,534	221,730	116,792	2,506,472
Total Accumulated Depreciation		3,364,385	325,839	116,792	3,573,432
Total Capital Assets, Business-type Activities Environmental Services, Being					
Depreciated, Net		3,174,415	(157,527)		3,016,888
Total Capital Assets - Business-type					
Activities - Environmental Services, Net	\$	3,845,078	(157,527)		3,687,551
Grand Total Capital Assets - Business- type Activities, Net	\$	27,432,824	(370,070)	7,159	27,055,595

RMU

	For The Year Ended September 30, 2017				
	Balance September 30 2016	Increases	Decreases	Balance September 30 2017	
Business-type Activities					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land and easements	\$ 2,744,451		7,500	2,736,951	
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	5,043,919	485,497	15,989	5,513,427	
Office furniture, fixtures, and equipment	800,721	32,975	21,954	811,742	
Transportation equipment	1,855,312	141,034	111,992	1,884,354	
Distribution system	61,788,885	2,539,500	429,762	63,898,623	
Production system	8,466,747	22,400	36,774	8,452,373	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	77,955,584	3,221,406	616,471	80,560,519	
Less - Accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	3,600,831	152,947	11,831	3,741,947	
Office furniture, fixtures, and equipment	720,111	34,275	21,957	732,429	
Transportation equipment	986,880	155,026	111,992	1,029,914	
Distribution system	31,000,593	1,973,295	416,268	32,557,620	
Production system	6,275,061	413,901	31,005	6,657,957	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	42,583,476	2,729,444	593,053	44,719,867	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	35,372,108	491,962	23,418	35,840,652	
Total Capital Assets - Business-type					
Activities, Net	\$ 38,116,559	491,962	30,918	38,577,603	

NOTE G - PENSION PLAN

Primary Government

Plan Description

The City's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City participates in the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS). LAGERS is an agent multiple-employer, statewide public employee pension plan established in 1967 and administered in accordance with RSMo 70.600-70.755. As such, it is LAGERS' responsibility to administer the law in accordance with the expressed intent of the General Assembly. The plan is qualified under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) and is tax exempt. The responsibility for the operations and administration of LAGERS is vested in the LAGERS' Board of Trustees consisting of seven persons. LAGERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplemental information. This report may be obtained by accessing the LAGERS' website at www.molagers.org.

Benefits Provided

LAGERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the state statutes governing LAGERS. All benefits vest after 5 years of credited service. Employees who retire on or after age 60 (55 for police and fire) with 5 or more years of service are entitled to an allowance for life based upon the benefit program information provided below. Employees may retire with an early retirement benefit with a minimum of 5 years of credited service and after attaining age 55 (50 for police and fire) and receive a reduced allowance.

2017 Valuation

Benefit multiplier	1.75% for life, plus 0.25% to age 65
Final average salary	3 years
Member contributions	- %

Benefit terms provide for annual post-retirement adjustments to each member's retirement allowance subsequent to the member's retirement date. The annual adjustment is based on the increase in the Consumer Price Index and is limited to 4% per year.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2017, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits

Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits Active employees	65 188
Total	361

108

Contributions

The City is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by LAGERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance an unfunded accrued liability. Full-time employees of the City do not contribute to the pension plan. The City contribution rates are 9.5% (General), 8.7% (Police), and 12.8% (Fire) of annual covered payroll.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The City's net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of February 28, 2017.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the February 28, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation
Salary increase
Investment rate of return

3.25% wage inflation; 2.50% price inflation 3.25% to 6.55% including wage inflation 7.25%, net of investment expenses

The healthy retiree mortality tables for post-retirement mortality were RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females. The disabled retiree mortality tables for post-retirement mortality were the RP-2014 disabled mortality table for males and females. The pre-retirement mortality tables used were the RP-2014 employees' mortality tables for males and females.

Both the post-retirement and pre-retirement tables were adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males was then established to be 2017. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-term Expected Real Rate Of Return
Equity	43.00%	5.29%
Fixed income	26.00	2.93
Real assets	21.00	3.31
Strategic assets	10.00	5.73

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability (asset) is 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	Increase (Decrease)				
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a)-(b)		
Balances at June 30, 2016	\$ 35,529,249	37,074,759	(1,545,510)		
Changes for the year					
Service cost	863,543	-	863,543		
Interest	2,556,735	-	2,556,735		
Difference between expected					
and actual experience	276,100	-	276,100		
Contributions - employer	-	778,575	(778,575)		
Net investment income	-	4,377,781	(4,377,781)		
Benefit payments, including refunds	(1,400,838)	(1,400,838)	-		
Administrative expense	-	(27,392)	27,392		
Other changes		(117,506)	117,506		
Net Changes	2,295,540	3,610,620	(1,315,080)		
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$ 37,824,789	40,685,379	(2,860,590)		

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the City's net pension liability (asset) would be using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (6.25%) or 1% point higher (8.25%) than the current rate.

		Current Single	
		Discount Rate	
	1% Decrease	Assumption	1% Increase
Net pension liability (asset)	\$ 2,765,225	(2,860,590)	(7,469,799)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,581,285. Reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources are related to pensions from the following sources:

	Dutflows	Inflows	Net Outflows
Differences in experience	\$ 254,335	(604,715)	(350,380)
Assumption changes	788,980	-	788,980
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,081,502	-	1,081,502
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date*	 196,281		196,281
Total	\$ 2,321,098	(604,715)	1,716,383

^{*}The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability (asset) for the next fiscal year.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For The Years Ending	
June 30	
2018	\$ 676,705
2019	676,707
2020	325,833
2021	(265,628)
2020	54,495
Thereafter	51,990
Total	<u>\$ 1,520,102</u>

Payable to the Pension Plan

At September 30, 2017, the City reported a payable of \$10,524 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended September 30, 2017.

RMU

Plan Description

RMU's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. RMU participates in the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS). LAGERS is an agent multiple-employer, statewide public employee pension plan established in 1967 and administered in accordance with RSMo 70.600-70.755. As such, it is LAGERS' responsibility to administer the law in accordance with the expressed intent of the General Assembly. The plan is qualified under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) and is tax exempt. The responsibility for the operations and administration of LAGERS is vested in the LAGERS' Board of Trustees consisting of seven persons. LAGERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplemental information. This report may be obtained by accessing the LAGERS' website at www.molagers.org.

Benefits Provided

LAGERS provides retirement, death, and disability benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the state statutes governing LAGERS. All benefits vest after 5 years of credited service. Employees who retire on or after age 60 with 5 or more years of service are entitled to an allowance for life based upon the benefit program information provided below. Employees may retire with an early retirement benefit with a minimum of 5 years of credited service and after attaining age 55 and receive a reduced allowance.

2017 Valuation

36

Benefit multiplier

Final average salary

Member contributions

2% for life
3 years

- %

Benefit terms provide for annual post-retirement adjustments to each member's retirement allowance subsequent to the member's retirement date. The annual adjustment is based on the increase in the Consumer Price Index and is limited to 4% per year.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2017, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits

Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	4
Active employees	_53_
m . 1	0.2

<u>93</u>

Contributions

RMU is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by LAGERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance an unfunded accrued liability. Full-time employees of RMU do not contribute to the pension plan. RMU contribution rates are 10.4% (General) of annual covered payroll.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

RMU's net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of February 28, 2017.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the February 28, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation
Salary increase
Investment rate of return

3.25% wage inflation; 2.50% price inflation 3.25% to 6.55% including wage inflation 7.25%, net of investment expenses

The healthy retiree mortality tables for post-retirement mortality were RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females. The disabled retiree mortality tables for post-retirement mortality were the RP-2014 disabled mortality table for males and females. The pre-retirement mortality tables used were the RP-2014 employees' mortality tables for males and females.

Both the post-retirement and pre-retirement tables were adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males was then established to be 2017. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-term Expected Real Rate Of Return
Equity	43.00%	5.29%
Fixed income	26.00	2.93
Real assets	21.00	3.31
Strategic assets	10.00	5.73

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability (asset) is 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	Increase (Decrease)			
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a)-(b)	
Balances at June 30, 2016	\$ 17,356,409	17,969,920	(613,511)	
Changes for the year				
Service cost	282,768	-	282,768	
Interest	1,239,270	-	1,239,270	
Difference between expected				
and actual experience	(93,049)	-	(93,049)	
Contributions - employer	-	376,115	(376,115)	
Net investment income	-	2,198,821	(2,198,821)	
Benefit payments, including refunds	(818,192)	(818,192)	-	
Administrative expense	-	(7,838)	7,838	
Other changes		28,333	(28,333)	
Net Changes	610,797	1,777,239	(1,166,442)	
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$ 17,967,206	19,747,159	(1,779,953)	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of RMU, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what RMU's net pension liability (asset) would be using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (6.25%) or 1% point higher (8.25%) than the current rate.

			Discount Rate	
	1%	Decrease	Assumption	1% Increase
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	808,109	(1,779,953)	(3,906,656)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2017, RMU recognized pension expense of \$453,693. RMU reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources are related to pensions from the following sources:

	Outflows		Inflows	Net Outflows
Differences in experience	\$	_	(403,726)	(403,726)
Assumption changes		286,416	-	286,416
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		453,751	_	453,751
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date*		65,611	_	65,611
Total	\$	805,778	(403,726)	402,052

^{*}The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability (asset) for the next fiscal year.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For The Years Ending June 30	
2018	\$ 239,954
2019	239,955
2020	63,245
2021	(197,299)
2022	(9,414)
Total	<u>\$ 336,441</u>

Payable to the Pension Plan

At September 30, 2017, RMU reported a payable of \$21,613 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended September 30, 2017.

NOTE H - ASSESSED VALUATION, TAX LEVY, AND LEGAL DEBT MARGIN

The assessed valuation of the tangible property and the tax levies per \$100 assessed valuation of that property were as follows:

NOTE H - ASSESSED VALUATION, TAX LEVY, AND LEGAL DEBT MARGIN (Continued)

	-	mber 30 016
Assessed valuation:		_
Real estate	\$ 210,	,659,136
Personal property	41,	,659,548
Total Assessed Valuation	\$ 252,	,318,684
	•	mber 30 016
Tax rate per \$100 assessed valuation:	•	
Tax rate per \$100 assessed valuation: General levy	•	
-	20	016
General levy	20	0.4577

The legal debt margin at September 30, 2017, was computed as follows:

	Ger	General Obligation Bonds		
	Ordinary(1)	Additional (2)	Total	
Constitutional debt limit General obligation bonds payable	\$ 24,833,771 (1,220,000)	24,833,771	49,667,542 (1,220,000)	
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 23,613,771	24,833,771	48,447,542	

- (1) Under Article VI, Section 26(b) and (c), Missouri Constitution, the City, by a vote of its qualified electors voting therein, may incur an indebtedness for any purposes authorized in the charter of the City or by any general law of the State of Missouri. The borrowings authorized by this section shall not exceed 10% of the value of the taxable tangible property in the City.
- (2) Under Article VI, Section 26(d) and (e), Missouri Constitution, the City by a vote of its qualified electors voting therein, may become indebted not exceeding in the aggregate an additional 10% for the purpose of acquiring rights of way, constructing, extending, and improving streets and avenues, and/or sanitary or storm sewer systems; and purchasing or constructing waterworks, electric or other light plants, provided that the total general obligation indebtedness of the City does not exceed 20% of the value of the taxable tangible property in the City.

NOTE I - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is a member of the Missouri Intergovernmental Risk Management Association (MIRMA), a statewide governmental self-insurance pool which provides property, liability, and workers' compensation coverages to its participating members in a single comprehensive multiline package. The various lines of coverage are not available individually and the membership is limited to municipalities and municipally owned utilities. The City's policy covers all real and personal property owned by the City except sewer lines. The policy is for replacement cost and expires June 30, 2018.

MIRMA is funded by annual member assessments calculated at a rate per \$100 of annual payroll which applies to all lines of coverage on a composite basis. These funds are used to pay losses within specific risk retention limits shared equally by all members; purchase excess insurance which provides a transfer of catastrophic risk to private insurance carriers; purchase services such as claims administration, loss prevention, and data processing; and pay administrative expenses. Should actual insurance losses exceed MIRMA's estimates, the City could be required to contribute additional funds. Management believes the risk of additional loss is minimal and any additional contributions that may be required would not materially impact the overall operations of the City. The City paid an assessment totaling \$756,095 for MIRMA's fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Settled claims resulting in these risks have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three years.

NOTE J - SELF-INSURANCE

In 1983, the City established a medical self-insurance plan for City employees and their covered dependents to minimize the total cost of medical health insurance to the City. This program is for the benefit of all City employees covered under the City of Rolla's Employee Medical Plan. Medical claims exceeding an individual participant limit of \$75,000 are covered through a private insurance carrier up to \$925,000 annually.

The cash transactions of the health care plan are accounted for in the Self-Insurance Health Fund, an Internal Service Fund. At September 30, 2017, the estimated obligation of health claims based on claims filed prior to, but not yet paid, as of year-end, claims incurred during the year but filed subsequent to year-end, and an additional amount for incurred but not reported claims based on prior experience was \$166,432. Changes in estimated benefit obligation during the past two years are as follows:

Estimated benefit obligation, October 1, 2015	\$ 238,070
Claims incurred	2,577,359
Claims paid	(2,627,262)
Estimated benefit obligation, October 1, 2016	188,167
Claims incurred	2,570,997
Claims paid	 (2,592,732)
Estimated Benefit Obligation, September 30, 2017	\$ 166,432

NOTE K - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The individual interfund balances are as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	September 30 2017
General Fund	Airport Fund	\$ 638,430

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between dates that: 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made. The Airport Fund interfund balance will be repaid as additional revenues allow.

Individual interfund transfers are as follows:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Se	ptember 30 2017
General Fund	Sewer Fund	\$	274,500
General Fund	Environmental Services Fund		147,400
General Fund	Parks Fund		65,900
General Fund	Street Fund		437,400
General Fund	Recreation Center Fund		71,300
Airport Fund	General Fund		158,270
Parks Fund	Cemetery Fund		1,437
Total		\$	1,156,207

Interfund transfers were used to: 1) move revenues from the fund that ordinance or budget requires to collect them to the fund that ordinance or budget requires to expend them, 2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance other funds in accordance with budgetary authorization, or 3) move revenues in excess of current year expenditures to other funds.

NOTE L - RESTRICTED NET POSITION

The government-wide statement of net position reports \$1,228,549 of restricted net position, of which \$563,004 is restricted by enabling legislation.

NOTE M - POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN

Primary Government

1. Plan Description

The City's post-employment health care plan is a single-employer defined benefit medical plan. To be eligible for participation in the plan, retirees must meet certain retirements as set by the City and remains eligible until attainment of Medicare Eligibility Age. Eligible participants receive benefits in the form of an implicit rare subsidy where participants receive health insurance coverage by paying a blended retiree/active rate.

2. Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by City Council. Current contribution requirements require participants to pay the full blended premium. The City funds the plan on a pay-as-you-go basis.

3. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The City's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the City, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost, the amount actually contributed to the Plan and changes in the City's OPEB obligation:

	Y	ear Ended ptember 30
ARC	\$	536,300
Adjustment to ARC		(44,900)
Interest on net OPEB obligation		44,000
Annual OPEB Cost		535,400
Contributions made		(184,500)
Increase In Net OPEB Obligation		350,900
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year		1,256,020
Net OPEB Obligation - End Of Year	\$	1,606,920

Schedule of employer contributions:

For The

NOTE M - POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN (Continued)

3. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (Continued)

Schedule Of Employer Contributions

For The Years Ended September 30	Contribution Made	 Amount	Percent Contributed	 Amount	Percent Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
2017	\$ 184,500	\$ 535,400	34.5 %	\$ 536,300	34.4 %	\$ 1,606,920
2016	210,700	405,200	52.0	405,800	51.9	1,256,020
2015	196,300	406,200	48.3	405,800	48.4	1,061,520
2014	150,600	379,400	39.7	379,700	39.7	851,620
2013	427,380	380,000	112.5	379,700	112.6	622,820

4. Funding Status and Funding Progress

As a pay-as-you-go plan, the plan was 0% funded at September 30, 2017.

September 3	30
-------------	----

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (b)	UAAL (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL As A Percentage Of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)	
2017	\$ -	\$ 5,465,200	\$ 5,465,200	- %	\$ 8,972,000	60.91 %	
2015	-	4,048,800	4,048,800	-	8,500,000	47.63	
2013	-	3,696,200	3,696,200	-	7,100,000	52.06	

5. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. In the 2017 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit cost method was used, and the interest rate used for discounting liabilities was 3.50%. The actuarial valuation assumed a medical premium inflation rate based on long-term health care trends generated by the Getzen model. The medical premium inflation rate was 6.0% for 2017, with annual rate reductions to an ultimate rate of 4% in 2083. The UAAL is amortized over the maximum acceptable period of 30 years, and the valuation assumed that 50% of all future retirees will elect medical coverage.

NOTE N - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Primary Government

RMU provides water and electric services to the City. It also provides billing and collection services to the City for PILOT and sewer and sanitation services. The City paid RMU a total of \$179,814 in fiscal year 2017 for billing services and \$648,011 for water and electric services. The City contributed \$93,336 to RMU for capital expenses in fiscal year 2017.

NOTE O - RELATED ORGANIZATIONS

The Rolla Public Library is a political subdivision of the State of Missouri created under Chapter 182 of the Missouri Revised Statutes. The Library is governed by a Board of Directors appointed by the Mayor of the City. The Board of Directors possesses its own contracting and budgetary authority, hires and fires personnel, and does not depend on the City for operating subsidies. Although the City does serve as the taxing authority, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the tax rate and purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Directors. Financial information may be obtained from Rolla Public Library at 900 Pine Street, Rolla, MO 65401.

NOTE P - PLEDGED REVENUES

The City has pledged future water and sewer customer revenues were used to repay the Series 2000A and 2006B Water Pollution Control Revenue Bonds issued to improve and expand the sewer system. The bonds are payable solely from sewer customers net revenues and are payable through 2027. Net revenues are revenues of the system less expenses of the system with the exception of depreciation. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$3,574,493. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$704,139 and \$3,189,439, respectively.

NOTE Q - TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICTS

The City committed to the redevelopment of the I-44/US 63 Redevelopment Project Area 1 (RPA1) to reimburse Kohl's Department Stores, Inc. (the Developer) for the Verified Reimbursable Redevelopment Project Costs through Reimbursement Payments made from the Special Allocation Fund. There is no debt on the City's part, however, the aggregate amount of Reimbursement Payments paid during the terms of the agreement, to the extent that taxes are collected within this District, shall not exceed the sum of \$3,168,488 plus interest costs.

The City shall not be obligated for any amounts that exceed the balance in the Special Allocation Fund, which includes a TIF-EATS and a TIF-PILOTS account.

The TIF-EATS account will contain 50% of all Economic Activity Taxes from RPA1. The TIF-PILOTS account will contain all Payments in Lieu of Taxes from RPA1. At September 30, 2017, the balances in the TIF-EATS and TIF-PILOTS accounts are \$42,088 and \$15, respectively. The amount paid in the current year was \$206,819.

NOTE R - COMMITMENTS

Primary Government

At September 30, 2017, the City was committed to the following:

Landfill Closing Obligation

In January 1995, the City, along with the five other Landfill Board members, entered into a "Contract of Obligation" with the Missouri Department of Natural Resources (DNR) to satisfy the financial assurance requirement for landfill operations. The Landfill Board members are obligated to close the landfill in a manner that meets DNR's standards and to properly maintain the closed landfill for 20 years thereafter. If the closure and post-closure is not done properly, the "Contract of Obligation" authorized DNR to collect \$152,703 from any funds due the members from the Missouri Department of Revenue and the State Treasurer to compensate the State for corrective procedures.

RMU

Pooled Energy

The City is a member of the Missouri Joint Municipal Electric Utility Commission (MJMEUC). RMU represents the City with respect to MJMEUC matters. MJMEUC manages a power pool known as Missouri Public Energy Pool #1 (MoPEP). The City is a member of MoPEP. All MoPEP members (including the City) have an agreement (the MoPEP Agreement) with MJMEUC for the purchase of electric capacity and energy from MJMEUC. The MoPEP Agreement requires MJMEUC to supply the full energy requirement of the City and includes procedures for the City to dedicate its capacity to MoPEP.

MoPEP operations are governed by a committee (Pool Committee) consisting of one representative from each MoPEP member and is currently comprised of 35 members. The Pool Committee is charged with setting rates for all services provided by MJMEUC to MoPEP members. These rates include recovery of all of MJMEUC's costs (the Direct Costs) incurred in connection with acquiring, providing, arranging, or financing the provision of full requirements service to MoPEP members. Such rates are based upon an annual budget and include, but are not limited to, all payments MJMEUC is required to make, or reserves or coverage MJMEUC is required to maintain, pursuant to any bond indenture, financing lease, or loan agreement of other financial contract in order to procure, deliver, or finance resources intended to provide full requirements service, without regard to whether any particular resource is available to or used by any particular MoPEP member. The Direct Costs also include amounts required to fund MoPEP capital and/or operating reserves as may be established from time to time by the Pool Committee.

The rates are established so as to charge each MoPEP member (including the City) its proportionate share of all costs associated with MJMEUC's performance under the MoPEP Agreement. Charges based on such rates are assessed and billed monthly. Rates are required to be established at least annually and adjusted to recognize variances between budgeted and actual costs at least every six months.

NOTE R - COMMITMENTS (Continued)

To meet the power and energy requirements of the City and the other MoPEP members, MJMEUC presently obtains power and energy from the following sources: 1) power purchased under long-term firm energy contracts, unit-contingent energy contracts, and interruptible contracts; 2) MJMEUC owned generation; 3) member capacity; and 4) spot market purchases. The City purchases its full energy requirements from MJMEUC pursuant to the MoPEP Agreement, but does not have any ownership interest in MJMEUC's resources.

In the event a MoPEP member would cancel the MoPEP Agreement, the member would remain responsible for its allocated share of MJMEUC's Direct Costs associated with all resource obligations entered into by a MJMEUC for MoPEP prior to the notice of cancellation. MJMEUC would utilize or sell the member's allocated share of output in exchange for providing the member a credit or offset equal to the fair market value of the output up to the amount of the member's obligation. As a result, the member would have a financial obligation after cancellation in the event that the fair market value of the output is less than the member's allocated share of MJMEUC's Direct Costs with respect to the recourse obligation at the time of cancellation. Since the amount of the cancelling member's obligation would depend on MJMEUC's Direct Costs after cancellation and the fair market value of the output at such times in the future, the amount of the obligation is not reasonably determinable. Currently RMU has no plans or intentions to begin cancellation proceedings.

The net power cost charges by MoPEP to RMU for the year ended September 30, 2017 was \$19,741,989.

NOTE S - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City and RMU are exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft to, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City and RMU have transferred their risk by obtaining coverage from Missouri Intergovernmental Risk Management Association. In addition, they have effectively managed risk through various employee education and prevention programs. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year.

NOTE T - TAX ABATEMENT

RMU entered into an incentive agreement with Hartmann US Inc. RMU will provide Utility Cost Assistance discounts to the Company based on utility rates in effect at the given time. Electric energy and water consumption and wastewater utility charges will be discounted during the first 5 years of the Facility's operation. Year one for the discounts will begin as of the first day of the month in which the Company begins operating the Facility. As of September 30, 2017, RMU has discounted \$15,584.

NOTE U - DEFICIT FUND BALANCE

The Airport Fund has a deficit fund balance at September 30, 2017 of (\$160,237). This deficit will be financed through future revenues of the fund.

NOTE V - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

The previously stated net position/fund balances have been restated as follows:

			Governmental Funds				Internal
	Governmental			Recreation			Service
	Activities	General	Street	Center	Parks	Airport	Fund
Net position/							
fund balance,							
September 30,							
2016, as pre-							
viously reported	\$79,299,529	3,328,439	2,412,576	2,873,801	116,780	(430,299)	361,573
Restatement for:							
Accounts receivable	339,767	-	_	-	-	339,767	
Accounts payable	(154,707)	(40,909)	(24,332)	(19,457)	(3,512)		(66,497)
Net position/							
Fund Balance,							
September 30,							
As Restated	\$79,484,589	3,287,530	2,388,244	2,854,344	113,268	(90,532)	295,076

NOTE W - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Management has evaluated subsequent events through October 25, 2018, the date which the financial statements were available for issue.

CITY OF ROLLA, MISSOU REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	RI ON
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SECTION	
REQUIRED SUFFLEWENTAL INFORMATION SECTION	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
REVENUES				
Taxes:				
Property	\$ 1,009,000	1,009,000	952,642	(56,358)
Sales	4,284,000	4,284,000	4,053,348	(230,652)
Franchise	605,000	605,000	638,906	33,906
Motor vehicle	171,000	171,000	173,566	2,566
PILOT	1,538,600	1,538,600	1,460,472	(78,128)
Lodging	343,000	343,000	374,305	31,305
Cigarette	102,000	102,000	103,871	1,871
Total Taxes	8,052,600	8,052,600	7,757,110	(295,490)
Licenses and permits:				
Occupational licenses	47,000	47,000	53,395	6,395
Building permits	90,000	226,600	226,560	(40)
Other	49,500	49,500	47,908	(1,592)
Total Licenses And Permits	186,500	323,100	327,863	4,763
Intergovernmental:				
Landfill	7,000	7,000	6,278	(722)
RREC	129,270	129,270	130,412	1,142
PCESB	1,113,780	1,183,130	1,183,127	(3)
Library	235,432	235,432	205,845	(29,587)
Grants	30,000	81,000	36,531	(44,469)
Other	177,350	277,150	199,002	(78,148)
Total Intergovernmental	1,692,832	1,912,982	1,761,195	(151,787)
Charges for services	54,500	54,500	54,349	(151)
Fine and forfeitures:				
City court fines	215,000	215,000	141,397	(73,603)
Police training fees	5,400	5,400	4,081	(1,319)
Total Fines And Forfeitures	220,400	220,400	145,478	(74,922)
Investment income	6,500	6,500	8,527	2,027
Miscellaneous:				
Lease and rent income	8,000	8,000	7,930	(70)
Animal shelter	17,500	107,850	105,836	(2,014)
Other	29,250	29,250	55,120	25,870
Total Miscellaneous	54,750	145,100	168,886	23,786
Total Revenues	10,268,082	10,715,182	10,223,408	(491,774)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017 (Continued)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
EXPENDITURES				
Administrative	611,026	653,126	669,657	16,531
Administrator	301,685	309,085	310,845	1,760
Finance	535,450	544,950	544,850	(100)
Legal services	62,825	62,825	61,082	(1,743)
City court	85,640	85,640	84,687	(953)
911 telecommunications	1,103,780	1,134,740	1,069,430	(65,310)
Animal shelter	166,780	166,780	170,104	3,324
Police	3,427,885	3,701,385	3,814,776	113,391
Fire	2,723,370	2,929,420	2,856,058	(73,362)
Building maintenance	80,720	80,720	97,936	17,216
Engineering	731,088	731,088	748,096	17,008
Community development	378,700	378,700	389,918	11,218
Library	227,432	227,432	198,361	(29,071)
Economic development	237,250	237,250	222,994	(14,256)
Total Expenditures	10,673,631	11,243,141	11,238,794	(4,347)
REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(405,549)	(527,959)	(1,015,386)	(487,427)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Capital lease	-	186,000	186,000	-
Transfers in	996,500	996,500	996,500	-
Transfers out	(158,270)	(158,270)	(158,270)	-
Total Other Financing Sources				
(Uses)	838,230	1,024,230	1,024,230	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 432,681	496,271	8,844	(487,427)
FUND BALANCE, OCTOBER 1			3,287,530	
FUND BALANCE, SEPTEMBER 30			\$ 3,296,374	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - STREET FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Original Budget	Final Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Over (Under) Budget
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 4,896,000	4,896,000	4,668,640	(227,360)
Intergovernmental	90,000	3,601,158	3,660,979	59,821
Charges for services	411,000	411,000	107,193	(303,807)
Investment income	5,000	5,000	8,982	3,982
Miscellaneous	6,500	6,500	17,196	10,696
Total Revenues	5,408,500	8,919,658	8,462,990	(456,668)
EXPENDITURES				
Street	5,004,900	8,875,758	8,206,068	(669,690)
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	403,600	43,900	256,922	213,022
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Sale of capital assets	44,000	44,000	31,504	(12,496)
Transfers out	(437,400)	(437,400)	(437,400)	-
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)	(393,400)	(393,400)	(405,896)	(12,496)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 10,200	(349,500)	(148,974)	200,526
FUND BALANCE, OCTOBER 1			2,388,244	
FUND BALANCE, SEPTEMBER 30			\$ 2,239,270	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - RECREATION CENTER FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Original Budget	Final Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Over (Under) Budget
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 1,000	1,000	1,087	87
Charges for services	1,228,210	1,273,573	1,163,664	(109,909)
Investment income	14,000	14,000	14,591	591
Miscellaneous	16,200	16,200	24,524	8,324
Total Revenues	1,259,410	1,304,773	1,203,866	(100,907)
EXPENDITURES Guest services	193,256	193,256	161,197	(22,050)
Recreation	193,236	193,236	146,797	(32,059) (30,698)
Aquatic	235,570	235,570	240,669	5,099
Fitness	260,579	291,079	255,771	(35,308)
Administration	341,334	364,834	363,231	(33,308) $(1,603)$
Maintenance	266,350	266,350	295,112	28,762
Total Expenditures	1,474,584	1,528,584	1,462,777	(65,807)
Total Expenditures	1,4/4,364	1,320,364	1,402,777	(03,807)
REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(215,174)	(223,811)	(258,911)	(35,100)
OTHER FINANCING USES				
Transfers out	(71,300)	(71,300)	(71,300)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (286,474)	(295,111)	(330,211)	(35,100)
FUND BALANCE, OCTOBER 1			2,854,344	
FUND BALANCE, SEPTEMBER 30			\$ 2,524,133	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - PARKS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 1,323,200	1,323,200	1,237,127	(86,073)
Charges for services	232,700	266,200	256,239	(9,961)
Investment income	800	800	2,470	1,670
Miscellaneous	4,000	4,000	5,945	1,945
Total Revenues	1,560,700	1,594,200	1,501,781	(92,419)
EXPENDITURES				
Administration	119,763	119,763	130,779	11,016
Maintenance	55,715	55,715	53,647	(2,068)
Parks department	833,520	833,520	807,516	(26,004)
SplashZone	177,075	177,075	155,167	(21,908)
Outdoor recreation	155,550	155,550	163,398	7,848
Total Expenditures	1,341,623	1,341,623	1,310,507	(31,116)
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	219,077	252,577	191,274	(61,303)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	1,500	1,500	1,437	(63)
Transfers out	(65,900)	(65,900)	(65,900)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(64,400)	(64,400)	(64,463)	(63)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 154,677	188,177	126,811	(61,366)
FUND BALANCE, OCTOBER 1			113,268	
FUND BALANCE, SEPTEMBER 30			\$ 240,079	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - AIRPORT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 590,000	964,500	687,451	(277,049)
Charges for services	283,400	283,400	261,652	(21,748)
Investment income	5	5	29	24
Miscellaneous	200	200	507	307
Total Revenues	873,605	1,248,105	949,639	(298,466)
EXPENDITURES				
Airport	1,124,535	1,176,110	1,177,614	1,504
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(250,930)	71,995	(227,975)	(299,970)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in	158,270	158,270	158,270	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (92,660)	230,265	(69,705)	(299,970)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), OCTOBER 1			(90,532)	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), SEPTEMBER 30			\$ (160,237)	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CEMETERY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Original And Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual	Over (Under) Budget	
REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 15,000	8,550	(6,450)	
Investment income	1,500	1,541	41	
Total Revenues	16,500	10,091	(6,409)	
EXPENDITURES	<u> </u> .	<u> </u>		
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	16,500	10,091	(6,409)	
OTHER FINANCING USES				
Transfers out	(1,500)	(1,437)	(63)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 15,000	8,654	(6,346)	
FUND BALANCE, OCTOBER 1	-	335,996		
FUND BALANCE, SEPTEMBER 30		\$ 344,650		

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - PARK LAND RESERVE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

		riginal audget	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget	
REVENUES						
Investment income	\$	500	500	98	(402)	
Miscellaneous		1,300	19,900	19,898	(2)	
Total Revenues		1,800	20,400	19,996	(404)	
EXPENDITURES						
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	1,800	20,400	19,996	(404)	
FUND BALANCE, OCTOBER 1				74,100		
FUND BALANCE, SEPTEMBER 30				\$ 94,096		

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - NOTES TO SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Budgetary Data

The City follows the procedures outlined below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. Prior to October, Administration submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditure plans for all fund types and the proposed means of financing them.
- b. One public hearing is conducted by the City Council in late August or early September to obtain taxpayers' comments on the proposed budget and tax levy.
- c. Prior to October 1, ordinances are passed by Council, which provide for legally adopted budgets for all funds of the City.
- d. The City operates on a program performance budget system, with legally adopted budgets prepared by fund, program, and department. The level of budgetary control is at the department level. The City's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of City Council.
- e. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for all funds of the City.
- f. Budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP, except in the Recreation Fund, that other financing source and related capital outlay of capital leases in the year the City enters into the agreement are not budgeted. Budgeted amounts may be amended during the year by City Council on approved budget adjustment forms.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30

	2017	2016	2015
Total Pension Liability			
Service cost	\$ 863,543	840,889	846,914
Interest on the total pension liability	2,556,735	2,373,659	2,269,899
Difference between expected and actual experience	276,100	(563,660)	(460,292)
Changes of assumptions	-	1,209,382	-
Benefit payments, including refunds	(1,400,838)	(1,293,477)	(1,153,761)
Net Change In Total Pension Liability	2,295,540	2,566,793	1,502,760
Total Pension Liability Beginning	35,529,249	32,962,456	31,459,696
Total Pension Liability Ending (a)	\$ 37,824,789	35,529,249	32,962,456
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds Administrative expense Other changes Net Change In Plan Fiduciary Net Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position Beginning Plan Fiduciary Net Position Ending (b) Net Pension Liability (Asset) Ending (a)-(b)	\$ 778,575 4,377,781 (1,400,838) (27,392) (117,506) 3,610,620 37,074,759 \$ 40,685,379 \$ (2,860,590)	852,947 (96,081) (1,293,477) (27,173) 96,067 (467,717) 37,542,476 37,074,759 (1,545,510)	964,218 731,693 (1,153,761) (28,893) 380,572 893,829 36,648,647 37,542,476 (4,580,020)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	107.56 %	104.35	113.89
Covered Employee Payroll (for February 28/29 Valuation)	\$ 7,600,104	7,072,467	7,079,117
Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	(37.64) %	(21.85)	(64.70)

Notes:

Information is not available for fiscal years prior to 2015.

The amounts noted above are as of the measurement date which is June 30 prior to the end of the fiscal year.

	For The Years Ended September 30									
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Actuarially determined pension contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$ 753,594	863,721	949,662	1,024,360	1,061,934	1,089,976	1,147,989	828,507	811,575	746,981
determined contribution	753,594	863,721	949,662	999,354	1,011,713	970,870	937,288	828,507	811,575	746,981
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	25,006	50,221	119,106	210,701		<u> </u>	
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 7,624,380	7,554,556	7,087,603	7,199,254	7,214,862	7,304,173	7,569,220	7,297,628	7,346,226	6,638,779
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	9.88 %	11.43	13.40	13.88	14.02	13.29	12.38	11.35	11.05	11.25

Notes to schedule:

Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of February 28/29 prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method

Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Inflation Salary increases Investment rate of return Retirement age Mortality Entry age normal and modified terminal funding A level percentage of payroll amortization method is used to amortize the UAAL over a closed period of years. If the UAAL (excluding the UAAL associated with benefit changes) is negative, then this amount is amortized over the greater of (i) the remaining initial amortization period or (ii) 15 years.

Multiple bases from 15 to 21 years

5 years smoothed market; 20% corridor 3.25% wage inflation; 2.50% price inflation 3.25% to 6.55% including wage inflation 7.25%, net of investment expenses

Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. The healthy retiree mortality tables for post-retirement mortality were the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females. The disabled retiree mortality tables for post-retirement mortality were the RP-2014 disabled mortality table for males and females. The pre-retirement mortality tables used were the RP-2014 employees' mortality tables for males and females. Both the post-retirement and pre-retirement tables were adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males was then established to be 2017. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables.

Other information:

There were no benefit changes during the year.

CITY OF ROLLA, MISSOURI - ROLLA MUNICIPAL UTILITIES

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30

	2017	2016	2015
Total Pension Liability			
Service cost	\$ 282,768	279,195	277,593
Interest on the total pension liability	1,239,270	1,186,863	1,147,696
Difference between expected and actual experience	(93,049)	(432,027)	(118,542)
Changes of assumptions	-	449,770	-
Benefit payments, including refunds	(818,192)	(709,110)	(823,502)
Net Change In Total Pension Liability	610,797	774,691	483,245
Total Pension Liability Beginning	17,356,409	16,581,718	16,098,473
Total Pension Liability Ending (a)	\$ 17,967,206	17,356,409	16,581,718
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds Administrative expense Other changes Net Change In Plan Fiduciary Net Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position Beginning Plan Fiduciary Net Position Ending (b) Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a)-(b)	\$ 376,115 2,198,821 (818,192) (7,838) 28,333 1,777,239 17,969,920 \$ 19,747,159 \$ (1,779,953)	747,730 (19,957) (709,110) (7,570) (332,935) (321,842) 18,291,762 17,969,920 (613,511)	775,627 361,988 (823,502) (8,575) (362,570) (57,032) 18,348,794 18,291,762 (1,710,044)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage			
of the Total Pension Liability	109.91 %	103.53	110.31
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 2,547,770	2,355,439	2,326,138
Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	(69.86) %	(26.05)	(73.51)

Notes:

Information is not available for fiscal years prior to 2015.

The amounts noted above are as of the measurement date which is June 30 prior to the end of the fiscal year.

CITY OF ROLLA, MISSOURI - ROLLA MUNICIPAL UTILITIES

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	For The Years Ended September 30									
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Actuarially determined pension contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$ 265,919	294,725	372,878	407,774	448,912	512,861	446,909	173,171	230,215	218,730
determined contribution	265,919	294,725	372,878	379,490	354,899	339,500	303,342	261,921	278,638	214,312
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -			28,284	94,013	173,361	143,567	(88,750)	(48,423)	4,418
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 2,556,915	2,415,780	2,390,242	2,357,078	2,350,327	2,407,799	2,315,590	2,164,643	2,131,617	2,209,396
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	10.40 %	12.20	15.60	16.10	15.10	14.10	13.10	12.10	13.07	9.70

Notes to schedule:

Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of February 28/29 prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method

Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Inflation Salary increases Investment rate of return Retirement age Entry age normal and modified terminal funding
A level percentage of payroll amortization method is used to amortize the UAAL
over a closed period of years. If the UAAL (excluding the UAAL associated
with benefit changes) is negative, then this amount is amortized over the
greater of (i) the remaining initial amortization period or (ii) 15 years.

Multiple bases from 14 to 21 years

5 years smoothed market; 20% corridor 3.25% wage inflation; 2.50% price inflation 3.25% to 6.55% including wage inflation 7.25%, net of investment expenses

Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. The healthy retiree mortality tables for post-retirement mortality were the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females. The disabled retiree mortality tables for post-retirement mortality were the RP-2014 disabled mortality table for males and females. The pre-retirement mortality tables used were the RP-2014 employees' mortality tables for males and females. Both the post-retirement and pre-retirement tables were adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males was then established to be 2017. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables.

Other information:

Mortality

There were no benefit changes during the year.